

ERIMUS HOUSING LIMITED

Annual Report and Financial Statements

Year Ended 31 March 2015

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Board Members, Executive Directors, Advisors and Bankers

Registered Numbers

Registered as a company limited by guarantee	4619469
Registered by the Homes and Communities Agency	L4431
Registered Charity	1106102

Registered Office

2 Hudson Quay
Windward Way
Middlesbrough
TS2 1QG

Board

Chair

Brian Dinsdale (from 8 September 2014)
Mike Carr (to 8 September 2014)

Other Members

Bob Brady (to 8 September 2014)
Moira Britton
Hugh McGouran
Pamela Mclvor
Sarah Robson
Jenny Shepherd (to 30 June 2015)
Michelle Tierney
Lawren Walker
Nicola Walker
Tracey Harvey (from 8 September 2014)
Mick Thompson (from 20 November 2014)

Lead Executive

Christine Smith

Company Secretary

Barbara Heather Ashton

Independent Auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors
Central Square South
Orchard Street
Newcastle upon Tyne
NE1 3AZ

Solicitors

Bond Dickinson
One Trinity
Broad Chare
Newcastle upon Tyne
NE1 2HF

Bankers

Barclays Bank Plc
PO Box 3333
One Snowhill
Snow Hill Queensway
Birmingham
B3 2WN

Strategic Report

Corporate Structure

Erimus Housing Limited (the company) is a company limited by guarantee, a charity registered with the Charity Commission and a Registered Provider within the Homes and Communities Agency (HCA) regulatory context.

The company has a subsidiary, **Optimus Homes Limited**, which is registered at Companies House. 'Group' is used to indicate that a comment relates to both of the above named entities together or that a value is the consolidated value.

During the financial year the company was a wholly owned subsidiary of Thirteen Housing Group Limited ('Thirteen'). Thirteen is the non-asset owning, non-charitable parent which is a company limited by guarantee and also a Registered Provider within the HCA regulatory context.

Thirteen was formed in April 2014 from the coming together of the two existing housing groups of Fabrick Housing Group Limited and Vela Homes Limited. Both of these established groups already operated in a defined geographical location, primarily the Tees Valley area but extending across the North Yorkshire and North East of England.

As landlord and service provider Thirteen directly reaches out to more than 70,000 people. It had a first year turnover of over £150 million and an asset base approaching £1 billion.

As well as owning and managing over 33,000 properties in total, Thirteen is a major developer of new affordable housing, with its subsidiary Tees Valley Housing Limited being the lead partner in the Spirit development consortia and operating under a framework delivery agreement with the HCA.

Thirteen has four other subsidiaries in addition to Erimus Housing Limited. These are:

- **Housing Hartlepool** - a company limited by guarantee, charity registered with the Charity Commission and Registered Provider with the HCA.
- **Tees Valley Housing Limited** – a Registered Society under the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014, operating under charitable rules and also a Registered Provider with the HCA. Tees Valley Housing Limited has a further two subsidiaries, **Portico Homes Limited** and **Partnering Plus Limited**, both of which are private limited companies.
- **Tristar Homes Limited** - a company limited by guarantee, charity registered with the Charity Commission and Registered Provider with the HCA.
- **Thirteen Care and Support Limited** – a company limited by guarantee and charity registered with the Charity Commission.

Principal Activities and Geographical Focus

The key activities undertaken by Erimus Housing Limited are:

- Landlord and Registered Provider – managing around 11,400 properties in total and lead partner in the Middlesbrough area
- Provision of general needs affordable rented homes
- Housing management and leasehold management
- Provision of housing support services to older people
- Regeneration and development of new properties
- Provision of repairs and maintenance services
- Specialist service provision such as Know Your Money and Tandem money advice services

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During the financial year Erimus Housing Limited held stock in the Middlesbrough Local Authority area. Erimus Housing Limited's stock profile at the end of March 2014 and 2015 is shown below:

Local Authority	31/03/2015	31/03/2014
Middlesbrough	11,422	11,361
Total	11,422	11,361

*Source: NROSH+ data 2015

Thirteen's collective values

Erimus Housing Limited, along with all partners within Thirteen, has agreed clear values that reflect not only the history and record of the predecessor Fabrick Housing Limited and Vela Homes Limited, but also the ambitions and culture of the new group and the Thirteen partner boards, as follows:

- passionate about our social purpose
- flexible and open minded
- professional and accountable
- supporting entrepreneurship and solutions that deliver
- showing respect and optimism
- credible and ethical

These values help the Company demonstrate how it cares about the people and communities it serves and the partnerships it develops. They illustrate the kinds of partners it wants to work with; those which share its values, passion and commitment to help bring to life the business it is striving to create.

Business environment, risks and priorities

This Strategic Report is produced once again in the face of very difficult and enduring external circumstances.

In common with all housing providers, Erimus Housing Limited faces immense challenges within the current and immediate social and economic climate. The economy remains located within a period of protracted slow growth and public expenditure is likely to remain highly restricted.

The 2015 Summer Budget announced by the Chancellor of the Exchequer in July 2015, introduced reforms to the welfare system to make it more affordable, which included reducing rents in the social housing sector by 1% each year for four years from April 2016, along with other policies which have had a significant impact on our business. The government manifesto also includes a commitment to extend the Right to Buy scheme to registered providers which will also have an impact on our business going forward.

We have considered these reforms and built them into our revised business plan along with mitigating actions, including cost and activity reductions. The resulting long-term business plan for the group shows that it is able to service its debt facilities whilst continuing to comply with lender's covenants.

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The Erimus Housing Limited board remains very much aware of the other key challenges, including:

- Continuing uncertainty within the economic and housing market despite some modest improvement in the availability of mortgage finance.
- The change in Government and proposed new policy development, specifically relating to Right to Buy/Acquire.
- A continuing pressure on the financial position and status of many of our customers and local communities, with greatly reduced prospects, particularly for those in the 16 to 24 age bands.
- More directly, pressures resulting from the impact of welfare reforms - most notably the 'bedroom tax' and now Universal Credit - hardening the operating environment for social housing providers, and creating greater uncertainty for both individuals, communities and social housing businesses.
- Signs of increased confidence in the housing market with sales increasing.
- Social and demographic changes that continue to present specific needs' gaps for those who are very elderly, in poor health or disabled and for others who, collectively, remain the most vulnerable members of our communities.
- The challenge of meeting the regulatory requirements of the HCA, most specifically in terms of the revised Viability Standard requiring a comprehensive Assets and Liabilities Register.

This context also provides the challenge within which Erimus Housing Limited and Thirteen will flourish, drawing upon the immense capacity and capability the new group has created.

Strategic Risks

The Thirteen Board together with all Partner Boards, including Erimus Housing Limited, reviewed and agreed the key strategic risks linked to Thirteen's strategic objectives as being:

- Significant service delivery quality or failure
- Failure to identify, understand and react to changes in market and impact of diversifying into non-core business activity
- The volatility of our operating environment, and uncertainty of the political landscape, impacts on activity
- Failure of, or too many, complex projects and/or opportunities, including partnership working issues
- Failure to maximise use of assets to achieve Thirteen objectives
- Regulatory failure due to poor governance / assurance
- Failure to deliver efficiencies specified in business case for merger
- Failure to merge and integrate Thirteen effectively / demonstrate effective leadership
- Failure to secure funding and revenue - to deliver core business plus other opportunities
- FRS102 and the impact that will have on decision making

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Strategic Priorities

In the face of such challenges the Thirteen board, along with the partner boards, continue to focus on the following strategic priorities which inform and frame the focus of Thirteen's work and activities:

- **Building a Great Organisation**
 - Delivering profit for social purpose;
 - Delivering great services;
 - Generating social capital;
 - Doing business in an ethical way;
 - Investing, learning and innovating;
 - Being well led and accountable.

- **Promoting Resilience and Sustainability**

In our:

 - Business;
 - Assets;
 - Customers and clients;
 - Neighbourhoods and communities.

- **Committed to Growth and Adding Value**
 - Developing aspirational homes and community facilities;
 - Ensuring existing partnerships deliver;
 - Forging new partnerships and making connections.

During the first year of operation, the focus was very much on the integration of staff and services. As we begin our second year of operation as Thirteen, it's board and the five partner boards, together with the executive and wider management team, have collectively aligned themselves behind the immediate aim for 2015/16 of "**Laying Firm Foundations**".

This strategic statement of intent re-emphasises the short-medium term objectives of prioritising those activities that are core to our business and central to underpinning our future growth, and enabling Thirteen to become the organisation it aspires to be in the future.

More specifically, the key priorities are:

- Letting, managing and maintaining good quality homes;
- Maximising rental and other income;
- Completing a series of office accommodation moves;
- Preparing for and implementing an integrated property and customer services system;
- Keeping us legal and safe; and
- Continuing our work developing people and teams.

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Operating Review

The adjusted operating surplus referred to through this report has been calculated based on the information set out in the primary financial statements as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2015 £'000	2014 £'000	2015 £'000	2014 £'000
Operating surplus as per the Income and Expenditure account set out on pages 37 and 38	13,696	12,382	13,696	12,382
Add back:	580	515	580	515
- Exceptional restructuring costs				
Adjusted operating surplus	14,276	12,897	14,276	12,897

The adjusted operating surplus has been used throughout the Operating and Financial Review to report on performance of the Group and has been adjusted to remove the one off, non-recurring costs in the year relating to the restructuring that has taken place.

Erimus Housing Limited maintains a rolling 5 year business plan. This has been updated for the year 2015/16. Reflecting on progress during the year 2014/15, the board made significant progress with its strategic priorities, as follows:

1. Building a great organisation

- A review of group wide key operational strategies was undertaken during 2014/15 and a schedule of new strategies developed and reported to the board. Priority was given to customer interfaces and intelligence, including the Customer Service Strategy, Customer Involvement Framework and Communications Strategy.
- In addition essential corporate strategies were developed, such as the Transformational Framework, Assurance Strategy, and Asset Management Strategy.
- One of the key objectives for Erimus Housing Limited and Thirteen was to achieve value for money and efficiencies on service delivery. The 2013/14 Fabrick Housing Group Limited Value for Money Self-Assessment (which included Erimus Housing Limited) was completed, published by the deadline of 30 September 2014 and approved by the HCA. A customer friendly version was also published on the company's website.
- Another key priority was to regain the G1 regulatory status for governance and retain V1 status for financial viability. Both of these outcomes were achieved and processes put in place to ensure standards are maintained.
- A review of the initial Project Management framework took place in May 2015. A sub-group of Heads of Service was established to consider business the case review pro-forma and implement by August 2015.
- The performance of Erimus Housing Limited in relation to its key performance indicators was within projections. Performance outturns, actions and revised measures were reported to the Board throughout the year.

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- The Thirteen Customer Involvement framework was developed and implemented during 2014/15, and this includes the Thirteen Complaints Panel which the Board has approved as the company's designated complaints panel.
- Grove Hill redevelopment is ongoing, with plans to extend the joint venture to North Ormesby agreed by the board, thereby demonstrating continuing collaborative status and value to the Local Authority.

2. Promoting Resilience and Sustainability

- Mitigation of the effects of welfare reform was at the forefront in 2014/15. A number of initiatives were implemented, such as the redesignation of dwellings, and the Support to Stay pilot has proven successful, and been extended across Thirteen. The impact and outcomes have been reported to the Board.
- Erimus Housing Limited and Thirteen are committed to adding value to the communities in which they operate through social investment. The Inclusion Strategy was approved in 2014/15, which outlines Thirteen's commitment to financial and digital inclusion for customers.
- Initiatives to help customers and communities included the Big Lottery funded Know your Money (KYM) project which supports customers with money management, promoting the local Credit Union and addressing fuel poverty through investment in fuel efficient technologies.
- A Corporate Social Responsibility Strategy is being developed. The Housing Associations Charitable Trust (HACT) model of calculating social value has been implemented and initiatives are being assessed for added value.

3. Committed to Growth and Adding Value

- The Development Strategy and delivery plan were agreed by the Board and the main elements of our bid approved by the HCA, further confirming the ongoing recognition of VFM through development delivery.
- Working groups were established to consider and develop market rented proposals and to consider marketing social housing to new market groups/clients.
- Erimus Housing Limited financially supported the submission of the successful bid by a consortium which includes Thirteen, for the 'Transforming Rehabilitation' project. The lead partner for the Through the Gate element is now Thirteen Care and Support Limited.

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Value for Money (VFM)

Value for money (VFM) is fundamental to Erimus Housing Limited and all partners within Thirteen. The creation of Thirteen epitomised our commitment to achieving VFM, optimising future returns on assets, delivering quality services and having a positive impact on our customers and communities.

Thirteen is committed to ensuring VFM in the delivery and procurement of excellent goods and services, whilst also providing social value to support our customers and neighbourhoods.

In developing the VFM strategic framework, we have reviewed and built on established good practice to achieve increased financial, social and environmental value and achieve organisational objectives and legislative requirements for VFM.

The VFM framework, which is equally applicable to Erimus Housing Limited and all Companies within Thirteen, aims to consolidate our approach to VFM, ensuring it is embedded throughout Thirteen and an integral part of all policy development, project initiation and evaluation and recommendations to Board.

It supports and consolidates a number of corporate strategies including:

- Financial Strategy
- Governance Framework
- Business Planning Framework
- Performance Management Framework
- Customer Involvement Strategy
- Asset Management Strategy
- Procurement Strategy
- Corporate Social Responsibility Strategy (pending approval)

Decision Making

One of the early priorities for Thirteen was to establish an effective governance framework that ensured the accountability of Thirteen and Partner organisations and facilitated an environment that encouraged scrutiny and challenge prior to the approval of key business decisions. During our first year of operation the governance framework has been further enhanced to meet the high standards expected of Thirteen as well as the requirements of the revised HCA regulatory framework and our adopted Code of Governance (NHF 2015 Edition), to enable us to be vigilant and resilient in the face of increasing economic and policy challenges.

The Thirteen Board, which oversees the business and strategic direction of Thirteen, has the legal responsibility to lead and direct the affairs of Thirteen within a framework of sound governance, continuous improvement, VFM and effective control, enabling risks to be properly assessed and managed.

The Partner Boards are responsible for ensuring their business is carried out in accordance with their constitution, the intragroup agreement and agreed business plans. They are able to influence strategies and policies to reflect their priorities, and ensure accountability with regard to landlord services and local communities. They scrutinise and challenge financial plans and

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operational performance, ensuring that services provided to customers are effective, appropriate and delivering VFM.

The work of the Boards is supported by three Thirteen Committees – Remuneration, Audit and Risk and Treasury and Investment - which act on behalf of all Boards within Thirteen and consider and influence relevant aspects of VFM.

The Thirteen Customer Council, which holds Thirteen to account on delivering VFM services, is involved in the development and review of VFM processes and Thirteen's annual self-assessment.

The business planning process evolves through a series of board development days, reflecting on current business priorities, changes in the external and internal environment, exploring new business needs and priorities and identifying key delivery projects. These are brought together during late autumn into each new year to provide a draft business plan. This is then further scrutinised by the Board and subjected to detailed stress testing and scenario planning to consider how the organisation can react to unforeseen events, exploring financial and physical resource responses.

Within Thirteen structure the proposed business plan is further subjected to scrutiny by Thirteen Treasury and Investment Committee, considering here the overall impact of Partner business plans and financial capacity in preparation for review and adoption by Thirteen Board. During 2014 the Thirteen Board (including Partner Chairs) and Executive collectively undertook further scenario testing via an HQN led 'Iron Grip' risk modelling training event.

The Financial Strategy linking to the Treasury Strategy sets out our approach to getting the most out of our financial resources and achieving sustainability. Assessing the organisation's financial needs and the sources of funding required in order to meet the objectives of the business plan, whilst also planning for continued growth to enable stability, in the face of both national and regional socio- economic factors impacting on the organisation.

The Thirteen Asset Management Strategy 2015 to 2019 covers the homes owned by the stock holding companies of Erimus Housing Limited, Housing Hartlepool, Tees Valley Housing Limited and Tristar Homes Limited and reflects on past achievements and present issues in order to learn about the future way forward. The strategy responds to a number of unprecedented threats to our core business and the overall sustainability of our homes and neighbourhoods. Thirteen structure also includes a care and support arm which provides specialist services for older people and clients with extreme needs. This continues to be a significant growth area and one which presents a number of challenges which must be taken into account when managing present and future stock assets.

The strategy has been purposely developed to take into account the individualities of each landlord company, the different stages of stock investment and, as such, four individual sections within the strategy are bespoke to each company.

Historically, asset management strategies concentrated on covering a plethora of 'bricks and mortar' issues to account for where resources were to be spent. However, effective asset management recognises many social and economic factors and interacts with all service delivery teams and key stakeholders to consider all aspects of successful property management during these times of change.

Using the asset management modelling criteria, areas with long term high turnover of properties and high void costs have been reviewed with a view to addressing the issues. Alternative uses have been considered but have not been implemented. As a result, decisions have been taken on three schemes to sell the properties on the open market as and when they become vacant and a

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fourth scheme is to be considered for an alternative use in partnership with a regional mental health trust with a view to helping those leaving care and support homes to have good quality, well managed homes outside of the hospital environment.

The full Value for Money Self-Assessment can be accessed using the link:
http://www.erimushousing.co.uk/about_annualreport.php.

Return on assets

We appreciate the importance of our assets, in ensuring that they generate a return in terms of their financial, social and environmental impact, and of maintaining our assets, particularly our housing properties, so that they provide good quality homes for our tenants to live in, and that they last for generations to come.

One measure of the return on assets is in terms of generating a surplus that can be reinvested in our business to support our objectives going forward, which is shown in the table below.

Return on assets	2015	Global benchmark 2014 £m	2014	2013	2012	2011
Adjusted operating surplus £'000	14,276	1,553	12,897	7,993	6,811	8,572
Housing property NBV £'000	335,538	29,778	321,607	277,161	256,497	241,783
Return on assets	4.3%	5.2%	4.0%	2.9%	2.7%	3.5%

The return on assets ratio shows a steady increase over the last 4 years with the figure being slightly below the sector average benchmark.

Erimus Housing Limited was formed in 2004 to receive the housing stock from Middlesbrough Borough Council under a large scale voluntary transfer. The initial years include a significant investment in our properties to meet the promises to tenants following the stock transfer. Now that the promises have been met we expect the investment in our properties to be in line with a long term maintenance and improvement strategy, as can be seen from the table below, and that the return on assets ratio will continue to be in line with the sector norm.

The return on assets' ratio increased in 2013/14 following the stock transfer carried out during the year, with Tees Valley Housing Limited transferring 1,076 properties and associated buildings to Erimus Housing Limited, and Erimus Housing Limited transferring 119 properties and associated buildings to Tees Valley Housing Limited.

The primary aims of the transfer were to provide efficiencies across the Fabrick Group within the management and maintenance of housing stock, to increase the strategic role of Erimus Housing Limited within Middlesbrough and to create increased capacity for Tees Valley Housing Limited in terms of development of new properties.

The return on assets' ratio increased further in 2014/15, which can be partly attributed to the inclusion of the rental income and associated costs of the stock transferred in 2013/14 now being included for a full year, along with no property impairment being identified this year (2013/14 £1,049,000).

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Value of assets – Housing Properties

The properties are valued above based on their ability to generate income (rental income less expenditure on management and maintenance etc.) which is based on an independent valuation by a qualified valuer and produces a net present value (NPV) per property. We have analysed our properties further by looking at a number of indicators including demand, voids and bad debts along with maintenance costs, and this has assisted our Board in making investment decisions on our properties.

During the year we have developed the option appraisal of our housing properties further which can be summarised as follows;

The responsibility of appraising Thirteen stock rests with its Asset Management Team.

As well as having a technical surveying team who will invasively inspect properties, through a combination of 'income v. expenditure' assessments and GIS mapping we are able understand the current and potential future performance of homes.

In brief we are able to:

- assess current refurbishment requirements and costs
- examine historic repair costs and predict future trends
- check the 30 year financial business plan to identify programmed works/costs
- examine neighbourhood indicators such void costs and rent loss

Through this analytic method we are able to identify assets that make healthy returns and those that do not, as well as to map areas and trends within estates which can be usefully used to deploy staff to areas of tenancy management in most need of attention.

Since the creation of Thirteen, a number of scheme and property archetypes have been or are in the process of being appraised with further details being included in our full value for money statement.

Investment in existing properties

Erimus Housing Limited has increased the level of return on assets whilst continuing to invest in its properties, e.g. carrying out major repairs as detailed below.

Major repairs	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Expensed	7,190	6,778	6,729	8,738	6,758
Capitalised	2,966	5,385	5,787	3,085	5,676
Total	10,156	12,163	12,516	11,823	12,434

All properties achieve Decent Home standard and we have high levels of energy efficiency.

The average benchmark* for the housing sector of major repairs per property for 2013/14 was £1,179 for LSVTs, with the comparable figure for Erimus Housing Limited in 2015 being £890.

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New development

During the year we used the capacity created from our existing assets, along with grant funding and loans, to develop 92 new properties in line with our objective 'Committed to Growth and Adding Value'.

We plan to develop a further 117 new properties over the next 5 years. Each development scheme is assessed using our development appraisal model, inputting data at a property level, which produces long term cash flows, an NPV and payback period. The assumptions used are in line with our long term business plan and each scheme is approved by the Board.

It is recognised that new schemes do not provide a financial return in the short term, but do provide a social benefit in providing homes for those in need, and are included in the long term business plan to ensure that financial viability is maintained.

The appraisal method used allows us to compare schemes and assists with capital rationing across Thirteen linked to our Development Strategy.

Debt per social housing property

The impact of our strategy for investing in new and existing properties on our debt per property is shown in the following table.

Debt per social housing unit	2015	Global benchmark 2014	2014	2013	2012	2011
	Total Debt £'000	114,629		114,616	114,444	85,000
Total social housing units	11,415		11,370	10,441	10,555	10,351
Debt per unit	10,042	17,238	10,081	10,961	8,053	7,922

The table shows a gradual increase in debt per unit in delivering new units and investing in existing housing assets. This has now settled at around £10,000 per unit which remains well below the sector average benchmark. The Erimus Housing Limited 30 year business plan shows that these objectives can be met from within existing facility levels and with no breach to financial covenants.

**The benchmarks shown are from the Homes and Communities Agency 2014 Global Accounts of Housing Providers with more than 1,000 social homes and also from the Housemark Benchmark service matched against those for a range of Large Scale Voluntary Transfer Associations (LSVT National of 7,500 units or more).*

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Financial and operational performance

Thirteen uses the HCA global accounts and FVA returns to compare high level financial indicators to national averages. For a number of years Erimus Housing Limited has also worked with its peers in the north east region to compile a suite of performance data from FVA returns that compare each other's financial performance.

We also benchmark key performance indicators with the Housemark National Benchmarking Club and complete the Housemark Core Resource Benchmarking exercise annually to benchmark performance and costs.

Overall financial performance compares favourably with the global accounts, however there are some key operational indicators that are lower or median quartile when compared with the National Benchmarking Club.

The key financial and operational indicators are presented below:

Management Costs £/unit	2015	Global benchmark 2014	2014	2013	2012	2011
Erimus	533	936	506	614	594	585
Tees Valley	637	1,033	692	569	445	413
Housing Hartlepool	516	936	654	593	575	573
Tristar	596	936	676	967	904	801

Maintenance Costs £/unit	2015	Global benchmark 2014	2014	2013	2012	2011
Erimus	924	1,035	860	825	863	699
Tees Valley	718	1,000	678	543	463	533
Housing Hartlepool	955	1,035	896	976	1,007	920
Tristar	1,070	1,035	948	920	1,109	916

Management and maintenance costs compare favourably with national averages, although we recognise that there are inconsistencies between landlords.

The overall management cost per unit for Erimus Housing Limited has increased marginally over the past year, in part due to a re-alignment of costs within Thirteen as well as some short-term additional costs during the merger year.

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Tenancy Management	2015 Outturn	2014 Benchmark	2014	2013	2012	2011
Tenancy Turnover (%)	11.0%	Lower Quartile	12.0%	10.0%	9.4%	9.6%
Satisfaction with service (%)	82.0%	Lower Quartile	82.0%	82.0%	n/a	88.0%

Tenancy turnover became lower quartile nationally at the end of 2013/14 but stabilised and reduced marginally during 2014/15, assisted by a number of local neighbourhood interventions including a 'support to stay' programme targeted at vulnerable households. Neighbourhood plans are also being further developed and reviewed to address specific local issues as well as more detailed asset management appraisals of individual problem schemes or blocks.

Customer satisfaction benchmark measures for Erimus Housing Limited remain based upon the 2013 (STAR) customer survey, whilst elsewhere in the Thirteen this varies from 2012 to 2014. This measure also influences other VFM related benchmark measures. We recognise therefore that we will need to undertake a further Thirteen-wide STAR survey and this is provisionally planned for the early spring of 2016. A suited programme of rolling baseline satisfaction measures has commenced to provide an interim measure and to help inform specific service customer delivery areas.

Property Maintenance	2015 Outturn	2014 Benchmark	2014	2013	2012	2011
Average time to complete repairs (days)	9.8	Lower Quartile	11.5	9.3	7.5	5.5
Satisfaction with service (%)	78%	Lower Quartile	78%	78%	n/a	83%
Satisfaction with quality of home (%)	86%	Median Quartile	86%	86%	n/a	90%
Average energy efficiency rating (SAP rate)	74	Median Quartile	74	74	73	73

Housemark benchmarking breaks the maintenance costs down into responsive repairs service and major work.

After a period of increasing average completion times for repairs, this year has seen this reduce to just less than 10 days average. We continue to focus attention on reducing the number of emergency repairs being carried out and are working towards a more useful measure of '1st time completions' on repairs, as reflected by customer feedback.

As noted above, satisfaction levels are based on the 2013 STAR survey which is lower quartile performance. However, we know that our own in-house satisfaction testing, carried out at the point of repairs completion, does show extremely high levels of satisfaction with our repairs service at 99.2% (2014) and around 99% (2015, taken across Erimus Housing Limited and Tees Valley Housing Limited combined). A concern remains however at the number of recall jobs which do reduce efficiency and impair excellent customer standards and this relates again to the 'right 1st time' objective.

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Overall property maintenance performance is good with all homes meeting the Decent Homes standard and a high average energy efficient rating. Satisfaction with the quality of home did reduce from upper quartile at 90% to 86% which is now lower-median performance, but since that survey we have undertaken extensive energy efficiency works helping customers save on fuel costs as well as a number of environmental works to help improve the immediate environment.

Voids % of Debit	2015	Global benchmark 2014	2014	2013	2012	2011
Erimus	2.4%	1.7%	2.0%	1.4%	1.2%	1.2%
Tees Valley	3.4%	2.0%	2.9%	1.6%	1.8%	1.3%
Housing Hartlepool	1.7%	1.7%	1.8%	1.6%	1.2%	1.4%
Tristar	5.3%	1.7%	2.0%	1.5%	2.0%	1.9%

Bad Debts % of Debit	2015	Global benchmark 2014	2014	2013	2012	2011
Erimus	1.9%	1.0%	1.2%	0.9%	0.8%	0.7%
Tees Valley	1.1%	1.0%	0.5%	0.7%	0.2%	0.4%
Housing Hartlepool	-0.5%	1.0%	1.4%	1.9%	2.1%	0.8%
Tristar	0.5%	1.0%	0.5%	2.0%	3.9%	2.3%

Voids, as a percentage of the debit, have increased from 1.4% in 2012/13 to 2.4% in 2014/15 which is above the national average. Bad debt as a percentage of the debit has also increased, and is also above the national average.

Both of the above are considered further in the next sections.

Empty Properties	2015 Outturn	2014 Benchmark	2014	2013	2012	2011
Properties empty and available to let (% of total stock)	2.4%	Lower Quartile	2.2%	1.8%	0.7%	0.8%
Average relet time (days)	77.1%	Lower Quartile	84.3	42.5	37.5	31.3
Void rent loss (% of rent debit)	2.4%	Lower Quartile	2.0%	1.4%	1.2%	1.2%

The number of empty homes available to let increased again into 2014/15, reflecting once again the challenges of welfare reform, but also most significantly, the local housing market and demographic position.

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Middlesbrough demonstrates a level social housing demand, compared to much of the rest of the country, and a relatively stagnant private housing market which has created a highly competitive private rented sector operating at the lower end of the market, often benefiting from the oversupply of small 2 bedroomed terraced housing in the area. Again, our empty property strategy has been designed to address this competition through better marketing and improved presentational standards.

This has become a key priority for our operational teams, developing and then seeking to implement a series of marketing and lettings initiatives to over-turn weakening performance and to compete with the private sector. By the last quarter of 2014/15 this had already begun to have a significant impact which should feed into the next financial year's results.

Although the impact of long-term vacancies then being let has kept the re-let time relatively high, there has been some reduction from 2014. It is not expected that this can drastically reduce in the short-term, with further long-term vacancies coming back into letting, but again the more recent performance continues to show a capacity to address the lettings and empty homes challenge. Further work on considering and reviewing poorer performing housing assets will also see some of this stock being taken out of the current portfolio, or redesigned for alternative management uses.

As a consequence of high numbers of empty properties and the time taken to let properties, void rent loss has continued to increase, up to 2.4% in 2014/15, but with the expectation that this will fall in 2015/16 in line with the above commentary.

Current Tenant Arrears	2015	Global benchmark 2014	2014	2013	2012	2011
Erimus	7.2%	4.1%	6.8%	5.1%	4.8%	4.6%
Tees Valley	3.5%	5.1%	2.3%	3.3%	3.3%	2.8%
Housing Hartlepool	6.6%	4.1%	4.9%	5.9%	3.8%	4.9%
Tristar	2.9%	4.1%	2.9%	4.7%	6.5%	16.2%

Rent Collection	2015 Outturn	2014 Benchmark	2014	2013	2012	2011
Rent collected (% of rent due)	98.5%	Lower Quartile	97.5%	99.2%	99.3%	99.2%

Trends for arrears and bad debts are harder to compare from year end to year end as they are affected by the timing of benefit payments as at the year-end.

However across Thirteen, the continuing impact of welfare reform and wider austerity has been seen in terms of further difficulties in maintaining clear rent accounts and in pursuing outstanding debt. The stock profile within Erimus Housing Limited, with a higher percentage of homes of 3 bedroomed size and above, has exacerbated the impact of the spare room subsidy (bedroom tax) and the previous support from Local Authority discretionary payments has reduced in 2014/15 from previous levels.

Performance for Erimus Housing Limited on rent collection does however show a slight increase within this past year, notwithstanding the year-end housing benefit cycle noted earlier. A renewed income management strategy including much greater localised and targeted support, as well as

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proposals for the introduction of a tenant reward scheme, are intended to further support rent collection and recovery activity. It should also be noted that the cost of delivering the rent service is still within the top quartile within the Housemark resource benchmarking report at 2014.

Adjusted Operating Margin	2015	Global benchmark 2014	2014	2013	2012	2011
Erimus	26.2%	27.2%	23.5%	16.4%	15.5%	18.8%
Tees Valley	30.9%	26.1%	26.7%	28.1%	25.2%	31.3%
Housing Hartlepool	23.2%	27.2%	26.2%	19.1%	4.9%	17.8%
Tristar	16.0%	27.2%	-2.7%	-10.1%	17.3%	21.4%

Growth in Turnover	2015	Global benchmark 2014	2014	2013	2012	2011
Erimus	3.5%	4.3%	7.8%	11.0%	6.6%	15.6%
Tees Valley	-20.4%	5.7%	-5.4%	0.8%	8.8%	1.6%
Housing Hartlepool	3.1%	4.3%	-1.9%	10.1%	6.3%	9.6%
Tristar	4.0%	4.3%	4.4%	10.7%	47.0%	29.4%

Growth in total Assets	2015	Global benchmark 2014	2014	2013	2012	2011
Erimus	5.4%	7.7%	5.1%	19.3%	8.6%	5.5%
Tees Valley	-1.0%	4.4%	2.3%	0.9%	19.2%	8.8%
Housing Hartlepool	13.8%	7.7%	9.4%	11.3%	12.5%	5.1%
Tristar	14.5%	7.7%	0.5%	-0.5%	8.4%	n/a

Operating margins are affected by the level of investment work being carried out on existing homes, with £25m expenditure being charged to the Income and Expenditure Account in 2014/15 which increases to £49m when capitalised expenditure is included. Tristar Homes Limited is a relatively recent stock transfer organisation expensing £10m on this type of work during 2014/15 which has resulted in the operating margin being significantly below the benchmark.

Turnover had grown steadily across all landlords until 2014/15 with the exception of Tees Valley Housing Limited which is explained below.

In 2015 the figures for Tees Valley Housing Limited and Erimus Housing Limited now include a full year of activity following the intergroup stock transfer which took place in October 2013. The turnover of Tees Valley Housing Limited has been further reduced by the transfer of Supporting People activity to their partner group company Thirteen Care and Support Limited, which has seen a reduction of £3.2m of turnover, with similar reductions in expenditure.

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Total assets for Erimus Housing Limited, Housing Hartlepool and Tristar Homes Limited have seen steady growth in 2015 with new property handovers and increased property valuations along with additional cash drawn by Tristar Homes Limited and Housing Hartlepool in anticipation of future development and investment expenditure.

The total assets for Tees Valley Housing Limited have decreased slightly in 2015 despite an increase in housing properties of 5.3%, as cash and investments (within current assets) have decreased by £9m which has funded the investment in new and existing properties.

Gearing	2015	Global benchmark 2014	2014	2013	2012	2011
Erimus	31.9%	202.2%	33.8%	35.5%	31.4%	32.9%
Tees Valley	54.2%	73.8%	49.5%	56.0%	57.3%	54.2%
Housing Hartlepool	44.3%	202.2%	27.6%	28.8%	34.9%	39.2%
Tristar	37.1%	202.2%	11.6%	3.0%	1.2%	0.0%

Effective Interest rate (y/end)	2015	Global benchmark 2014	2014	2013	2012	2011
Erimus	4.3%	4.5%	4.5%	3.9%	4.8%	4.4%
Tees Valley	4.6%	4.8%	4.5%	4.5%	4.6%	5.6%
Housing Hartlepool	4.2%	4.5%	5.6%	5.5%	5.4%	4.1%
Tristar	3.7%	4.5%	3.9%	6.9%	7.3%	0.0%

All four organisations are less highly geared than the national average and this is consistent with the debt per unit also being lower than average.

All companies are also experiencing interest rates that are lower than average which, coupled with the lower levels of debt, means that they are paying less than average to service debt.

Value for Money Savings

As reported in last year's VFM self-assessments, the case for merger included a range of projected efficiency savings over the first five years, with projected savings at the end of year 1 of £3.0m, consisting of procurement, staff and office savings.

Thirteen's staffing costs (unadjusted for any potential pay award) for 2015/16 show a saving of **£3.3m** from 2014/15, which is a considerable element of the efficiency saving estimated from the merger and has been achieved a full year ahead of our original estimate.

Further details on our efficiency savings, which benefit all Companies within Thirteen including Erimus Housing Limited, are provided below:

Strategic Report

1. Service Reviews

We forecast savings of £415k in 2014/15 as a result of the review of the Lettings, Estate and Customer Involvement services. The reviews and restructuring have now been completed, and this shows a reduction in pay costs of **£780k**.

Innovative ways of working have been developed to help realise the efficiency savings anticipated. Service developments include:

- **Group Sign Ups**

Individual tenancy sign-ups can take considerable time. We introduced group sign ups whereby a number of new tenants are invited into the office for a comprehensive presentation of the tenancy agreement, their obligations and other relevant information. This has reduced the amount of staff resources needed, and enables informed and detailed discussions. This was reflected in the new structure for the Operations Directorate allowing resources to be redirected.

- **Key Safes**

Access to empty properties has been made more efficient through the implementation of key safes. Previously keys were kept in a central location and signed for as they were used. The key safe (a strong metal box with a combination lock attached to the door of the property and containing the keys) means that anyone requiring access can go direct to the property. The initial outlay for key safes was £29,900, and while it is difficult to quantify efficiency savings financially, the time saved through reduced aborted visits as a result of keys not being available and/or travelling time to key-holding offices has been beneficial.

- **Mobysoft Rent Sense and Text Messages**

Introduced as a pilot system in partner landlord Tristar Homes Limited, this system prompts customers in arrears via text message to contact us to discuss their accounts. As a result, staff resource can be focussed on cases based around income trends, rather than the traditional “non-payment” trigger, resulting in fewer cases to look at, and allowing time to be spent on more complex cases.

In the current economic climate and with the impact of welfare reform, rent collection is increasingly challenging. While rent arrears have not reduced as a result of this initiative, the increase in cases in Tristar Homes Limited has been less than in the other group landlords. The system will be rolled out across Thirteen with the implementation of the new integrated property and customer system.

2. Property Adaptations

Medical referrals for adaptations were previously taken on face value and completed to our properties based on an occupational therapist’s assessed need of their client. This was costly, our housing stock was becoming top heavy with adaptations and difficult to relet through the Choice Based Lettings scheme, and often resulted in loss of revenue and additional costs to remove the adaptations to make the property available for general needs housing.

Through a pilot scheme introduced into Erimus Housing Limited and Tees Valley Housing Limited properties, exploring alternative solutions to the provision of adaptations to our housing stock, we have been able to make best use of adapted properties, as well as allocating our previously adapted stock appropriately to clients who have been assessed as requiring the specific adaptations within them.

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As a result of this initiative, recycling products and accessing the statutory Disabled Facility Grant funded through the local authority, savings of **£241.8k** have been realised, which have been re-invested in the service.

3. Mitigation of Impact of Welfare Reforms – Re-designation of High Rise Accommodation

Each tenancy turnover event can cost the organisation on average £3k, and we have considered a number of innovative solutions to sustain tenancies and reduce turnover. The re-designation of low demand high rise accommodation to meet the higher demand for smaller properties proved successful with more properties being let. The lost income from rent reduction is more than offset by improved demand and alleviating the difficulty in collecting rent and service charges not covered by welfare benefits.

A saving of **£117k** has been saved on void turnover and during 2014/15 the numbers of high rise tenants owing more than £50 fell from 36% to 31%.

4. Employability Team Outcomes

The employability advisers continue to support tenants into training and employment. In 2014/15 the advisers achieved 384 outcomes for customers:

- 97 into employment
- 244 into training
- 43 into work experience

This brings an **Added Social Value** of:

- **£205.2k** relating to training
- **£ 88k** relating to employment

In addition the team supported the '**Routeways to Employment**' initiative, in partnership with a local company, Vacant Property Services (VPS), where customers complete a programme of training, learning and work experience in a particular service area or company and are offered a guaranteed interview if this has been completed, in order to compete for a job vacancy.

- 13 participants in total received training and work experience:
 - 7 participants completed the Routeways programme
 - 6 were successful in gaining employment - two with VPS; one with another local company; and three with Thirteen (two obtained fixed term roles as Online Skills Support Officers and one was employed as an Assistant Concierge at Thirteen)
- This equates to an **Added Social Value** of **£61k**

5. Fuel Card Providers

A review was carried out to consolidate fuel card provision across Thirteen.

Previously Fabrick Housing Group Limited used 'All Star':

- Cost of fuel – approximately 2.5 pence per litre
- Charge of £5.00 a year for use of wild cards

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- An additional charge of £1.65 was added on all cards per transaction
- Rigid service in terms of monitoring

Vela Homes Limited used 'Fuel Card Services':

- Cost of fuel – approximately 1.95 pence per litre
- No additional charge for use of wild cards
- Flexible service in terms of monitoring usage online

Fuel Card Services were selected as the provider to Thirteen, and based on set charges this gives a saving of at least **£9k** per year.

6. In-house Legal Services

Thirteen's in-house Legal Services team comprises a Thirteen Solicitor supported by two Legal Executives and one Legal Secretary. A significant proportion of Thirteen's day to day and operational activity is now carried out in-house.

The cost of external solicitor costs for 2013/14 was £1.6m compared to 2014/15 costs of £310k, a saving of **£1.3m**.

7. Procurement Savings

The formation of Thirteen has provided the opportunity for all partners to benefit from group-wide procurement savings.

The last year has seen a number of contracts becoming due for renewal and new contracts being procured. When procuring for renewal of existing contracts, the actual savings against the existing cost can be calculated. If the contract to be procured is new, the procurement initiation procedure requires the budget holder to provide the estimated cost of the contract to be procured. In such cases the saving is calculated against the budget provided.

- Existing contract renewal has realised *actual* savings of over **£3m** taking into account the period covered by the contracts. This equates to a saving of **£624.3k** for 2014/15.
- For new contracts, the *actual* saving against the proposed budget of **£7.4m**, taking into account the period covered by the contracts, was **£1.3m**. For 2014/15 this equated to a saving of **£1.2m**.

As the *actual* savings above are based on the whole contract renewal, the savings shown for 2014/15 have been calculated as a proportion of the lifespan of the contract. These savings will be 'locked in' by reducing future years' budgets, allowing resources to be redirected as appropriate to meet the group and company's objectives.

Strategic Report

Financial review

The board is pleased to report a surplus of £9.9million (2014: £9.0million) for the financial year ended 31 March 2015. We have continued to invest in our existing housing stock as well developing new properties during the year.

We are starting to see the benefits of being part of Thirteen through the sharing of knowledge, expertise and increased procurement opportunities, and we look forward to increased benefits as we move forward.

The group has delivered 92 (2014: 68) new housing units in the financial year. The continued economic difficulties have meant that the group has had to adopt a flexible, and at times innovative, approach to development in order to meet its strategic objectives in this area.

In order to ensure that it can achieve its investment and regulatory objectives, the group has continued to develop its excellent working relationships with the Homes and Communities Agency (HCA) and the Regulatory Committee. The most recent HCA Annual Viability Report (issued in October 2014) again confirmed that Erimus Housing Limited, together with Thirteen, meets the requirements on viability set out in the Governance and Financial Viability standard and has the capacity to mitigate its exposures effectively.

This judgement is unchanged from the grading of the previous Annual Viability Report published in November 2013. The HCA further confirmed that Erimus Housing Limited meets the expectations of the regulatory framework as evidenced in the following areas, in that:

- Having a business plan funded until June 2017.
- Meeting and forecast to meet loan covenants.
- Using reasonable assumptions in its business plan.
- Meeting the requirements of the decent home standard.
- Meeting the provisions of rent restructuring and complying with rent influencing regime.
- Having no significant issues raised within the 2013/14 financial statements of auditor's management letter.

Erimus Housing Limited is committed to providing neighbourhoods that are sustainable in the long term. It is therefore continuing to invest heavily in its existing homes and neighbourhoods. Alongside that investment, the group is also continuing to develop the range of social investment activities it undertakes.

Financial Position

The group's consolidated income and expenditure account is shown on page 37 of the financial statements, and its consolidated balance sheet as at 31 March 2015 is shown on page 40. The income and expenditure accounts and balance sheets of the group for the last five years are summarised in the table on page 27.

Accounting Policies

The group's principal accounting policies are set out in the notes to the financial statements on pages 43 to 48. The policies that are most critical to the understanding of the financial results relate to accounting for housing properties and include the statement of the housing properties at valuation, the capitalisation of costs, the deduction of capital grant from the cost of assets, housing property depreciation and the treatment of shared ownership properties. A set of harmonised accounting policies have been implemented for Thirteen but this has not resulted in any significant changes to Erimus Housing Limited's financial statements.

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Pension Costs

The group participates in two pension schemes; the Social Housing Pension Scheme (SHPS), and the Teesside Pension Fund (TPF). Both of these are defined benefit schemes multi-employer offering comparable benefits to staff.

The group has contributed to each scheme, in accordance with the levels set by the scheme actuaries, between 10.6% and 18.5%. The last full actuarial valuation of the TPF was undertaken at 31 March 2013 and of the SHPS was at 30 September 2011.

Details of the actuarial assumptions used for both schemes are shown in note 9 to the financial statements.

Housing Properties

At 31 March 2015, the company owned 11,128 properties and managed a further 287 properties (2014: owned 11,011 and managed 359).

The board appointed external professional valuers to carry out an annual valuation of the group's housing properties for financial statement purposes as at 31 March 2015. The value of the properties on an existing use for social housing basis, including properties under construction, was £335.5million (2014: £321.6million), and this valuation has been reflected in the valuation of the properties in the financial statements. On valuation, the surplus of £10.9million (2014: £8.3million) has been taken to a revaluation reserve. It should be noted that the valuer also reported on the value of the properties for loan security purposes (excluding properties under construction), which is reported as £275million (2014: £266.5million). There was no adjustment for impairment during the financial year (2014: £1.0million).

Our investment in housing properties this financial year was funded through a mixture of social housing grant, loan finance and internally generated cash surpluses. The group's treasury management arrangements are considered below.

Cash Flows

Cash inflows and outflows during the financial year are shown in the consolidated cash flow statement on page 42 of the financial statements.

The group experienced a cash inflow from operating activities of £24.6million (2014: inflow £17.7million). This is after charging major repairs to the housing stock of £7.2million to the income and expenditure account (2014: £6.8million). The cash inflow generated by operating activities was mainly used to fund the purchase and construction of housing properties, resulting in a net increase in cash of £1.2million (2014: increase of £0.8million).

Payment of Creditors

Thirteen processes and pays supplier invoices on behalf of the group. Thirteen's policy is to pay purchase invoices within 30 days of the invoice date, or earlier if agreed with the supplier. During the financial year the average time taken to pay suppliers was 40 days from the date of the invoice (2014: 29 days). The main reason for this increase was staff shortages in accounts payable in the early days of Thirteen. This has been addressed and we are now seeing improvements in performance.

Restructuring Costs

Restructuring costs have been included in operating costs in 2013/14 and 2014/15 and relate to redundancy and associated costs following the formation of Thirteen.

Strategic Report

Surplus for the Year

The consolidated surplus for the financial year transferred to reserves was £9.9million (2014: £9.0million).

Reserves

After the transfer of the surplus for the financial year of £9.9million (2014: £9.0million) at the financial year end, the group's reserves amounted to £232.4million (2014: £215.8million), including a revaluation surplus on housing properties of £167.9million (2014: £159.0million).

Capital Structure and Treasury Policy

The group has loan facilities in place totalling £130million. This consists of a £105million loan facility with a syndicate arranged and administered by the Royal Bank of Canada, whose membership also includes The Lloyds Banking Group and Nationwide Building Society, and a £25million loan facility with Royal Bank of Scotland.

At the financial year end group borrowings amounted to £114.4million (2014: £114.4million) which falls due to be repaid as shown below:

Maturity	2015	2014
	£million	£million
Within one year or on demand	-	-
Between one and two years	20	-
Between two and five years	34	25
After five years	60	89
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	114	114
	<hr/>	<hr/>

The group borrows principally from banks and building societies at both fixed and floating rates of interest. Embedded fixed rate loans are used to generate the desired interest rate profile and to manage the group's exposure to interest rate fluctuations. The group's policy is to continue to monitor variable interest rates and to consider additional fixed debt should the rate reach 3.5%. At the financial year end 52% of the group's borrowings were at fixed rates with a further £5 million of cancellable fixed rates bringing the total fixed proportion to 56% (2014: 65%). The fixed rates of interest including the margin range from 5.27% to 5.37% which compares to the current market, where at the year-end comparable fixed rates are around 4.0% (2014: 5.0%).

Gearing, calculated as total loans as a percentage of total assets less current liabilities, was 32% as at 31 March 2015 (2014: 34%) with no loans being drawn during the financial year. Gearing is expected to remain constant over the next twelve months with finance for new developments coming from loans, capital grants and our revenue surplus.

The group's lending agreements require compliance with a number of financial and non-financial covenants. The group's position is monitored on an ongoing basis and reported to the board each quarter. The most recent report confirmed that the group was in compliance with its loan covenants at the balance sheet date and the board expects to remain compliant for the foreseeable future.

The group has cash and investment balances of £13.3million at 31 March 2015 (2014: £4.6million) and the current ratio stands at 2.7 (2014: 1.7). The group monitors cash flow forecasts closely to ensure that sufficient funds are available to meet liabilities when they fall due, whilst not incurring unnecessary finance costs, by only drawing on loan facilities when required.

Strategic Report

Future Developments

A key influence on the timing of borrowings is the rate at which development activity takes place and the levels of grant funding available. The board has approved plans to deliver 117 new properties over the next 5 years at a total cost of £9.4million. This investment will be funded from new borrowings, social housing grant from the Homes and Communities Agency along with internally generated surplus. Undrawn loan facilities of £15.6million are available under existing arrangements.

A full stock condition survey of our housing stock was carried out in November 2014. The survey is reviewed annually and used to update our 30 year Business Plan. The group plans to invest £18.8million in its major repairs programme during the 2015/16 financial year.

The group continues to assess the impact of government policy on its business plan and intended future developments. The group's resources are only committed to a scheme once funding has been secured.

Statement of Compliance

In preparing this Strategic Report, the board has followed the principles set out in the Companies Act 2006 and the SORP 2010.

Strategic Report

Group highlights, five year summary

For the year ended 31 March	2015	2014 restated	2013	2012	2011
Income and Expenditure Account (£'000)					
Turnover	54,516	52,659	48,785	43,944	41,211
Income from lettings	49,306	45,957	41,192	38,698	37,114
Operating surplus	13,696	12,382	7,993	6,811	8,572
Surplus for the financial year transferred to reserves	9,888	9,011	4,792	4,108	7,606
Balance sheet (£'000)					
Housing properties	335,538	321,607	277,161	256,497	241,783
Other fixed assets	12,143	12,154	10,697	8,713	5,155
Total fixed assets	347,681	333,761	287,858	265,210	246,938
Net current assets/ (liabilities)	10,931	4,641	33,612	5,439	2,198
Total assets less current liabilities	358,612	338,402	321,470	270,649	249,136
Loans due after more than one year	114,497	114,532	114,367	85,119	82,119
Pensions Liability	11,692	8,092	9,839	11,544	2,341
Reserves : designated	2,214	1,506	1,345	6,775	6,040
: revenue	62,334	55,284	44,066	29,872	34,522
: revaluation	167,875	158,988	151,853	137,339	124,114
: total	232,423	215,778	197,265	173,986	164,676
Total financing and reserves	358,612	338,402	321,470	270,649	249,136
Accommodation figures					
Social housing stock owned at year end	11,128	11,011	10,223	10,351	10,431
Non-social housing	434	434	452	452	460

The 2014 figures have been restated to reflect the harmonised of accounting policies across Thirteen.

The Strategic Report was approved by the Board on 3 September 2015 and signed on behalf of the Board by:

Director

Report of the Board

The board of Erimus Housing Limited is pleased to present its report together with the audited consolidated financial statements of Erimus Housing Limited, a company limited by guarantee, for the year ended 31 March 2015.

Details of the group's principal activities, its performance during the financial year and factors likely to affect its future development are contained within the Strategic Report which precedes this report.

Board Members and Lead Executive

The board members and the executive director of the group who were in office during the year and up to the date of signing the financial statements are set out on page 2. Board members have been selected to achieve a complementary blend of skills and experience to ensure that the board possesses the necessary skills and competencies to carry out its duties. This is supported by a board appraisal system and a programme of board development and training. At 31 March 2015, the board was made up of three nominees from Middlesbrough Council, three tenants, five independents (selected for their specific skills) and one lead executive director.

The lead executive for the Erimus Housing Limited Board is Christine Smith, Group Director of Business Development. She held no interest in the group's shares and acted as an executive within the authority delegated by the board. The board also has the power to co-opt additional members should this be required.

Remuneration paid to non-executive directors in the financial year was £49,760 (2014: £44,125).

Service contracts

The lead executive is employed on the same terms as other staff, except that her notice period is three months and she receives a car allowance in addition to her basic salary.

Pensions

The lead executive is a member of the Teesside Pension Fund, a defined benefit final salary pension scheme. The executive director participated in the scheme on the same terms as all other eligible staff. The group contributed to the scheme on behalf of its employees.

The group has insurance policies that indemnify its board members and executive director against liability when acting for the group.

Directors' Indemnities

As permitted by the Articles of Association, the Directors have the benefit of an indemnity which is a qualifying third party indemnity provision as defined by Section 234 of the Companies Act 2006. The indemnity was in force throughout the last financial year and is currently in force. The Company also purchased and maintained throughout the financial year Directors' and Officers' liability insurance in respect of itself and its Directors.

Employees

The strength of the group lies in the quality of its employees. In particular, our ability to meet our objectives and commitments to tenants and other service users in an efficient and effective manner depends on their contribution.

The group shares information on its objectives, progress and activities through regular directorate and team meetings, as well as through updates sent to all staff and shared on the group's intranet.

Report of the Board

A consultation and negotiation framework was developed and established during the year, consisting of trade union and staff representatives as well as employers, to ensure a robust means of communication and negotiation is in place between the employer and employees.

Erimus Housing Limited is committed to equal opportunities and supports the employment of disabled people, both in recruitment and in the retention of employees who become disabled whilst in the employment of Thirteen. A People Strategy for Thirteen has been approved and is currently being implemented, and Thirteen will be assessed for Investors in People accreditation during 2015/16.

The Board is aware of its responsibilities on all matters relating to health and safety. The Health and Safety framework includes a Thirteen-wide Health and Safety Committee and work groups with representatives from all directorates. A Health and Safety policy statement, supported by detailed health and safety policies and procedures, has been developed, and training and education is provided for staff on health and safety matters.

Donations

The group made no donations in its own right in 2015 (total donations in 2014: £nil) and made no political donations (2014: £nil). Details of donations made by Thirteen on behalf of all group companies are contained in Report of the Board of Thirteen Housing Group Limited.

Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies

The group uses various financial instruments including loans and cash, and other items such as rental arrears and trade creditors that arise directly from its operations. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to raise finance for the group's operations.

The existence of these financial instruments exposes the group to a number of financial risks. The main risks arising from the group's financial instruments are considered by the directors to be interest rate risk, liquidity risk, counterparty and credit risk. The board review and agree policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarised below.

The group borrows and lends only in sterling and so is not exposed to currency risk.

Interest rate risk

The group finances its operations through a mixture of retained surpluses and bank borrowings. The group's exposure to interest fluctuations is managed by the use of both fixed and variable rate facilities, including interest rate swap instruments, which have been set out on page 26 of the Strategic Report.

Liquidity risk

The group seeks to manage financial risk by ensuring sufficient liquidity is available to meet foreseeable needs and invest cash assets safely and profitably.

The maturity of borrowings is set out in note 23. In addition to drawn borrowings the group has £15.6million of undrawn committed facilities (2014: £15.6million).

Counterparty risk

The group's policy requires counterparties to reach a minimum standard based on a combination of rating agency ratings along with credit default swaps. All counterparties met this requirement at the balance sheet date.

Credit risk

The group's principal credit risk related to tenant arrears. This risk is managed by providing support to tenants with applications for housing benefit and to closely monitor the arrears of all tenants. As noted in the Strategic Report, proposed changes to the benefits system continues to be identified as a key risk to the group.

Report of the Board

Going Concern

The group's business activities, its current financial position and factors likely to affect its future development are set out within the Strategic Report. The group has in place long-term debt facilities, including £15.6million of undrawn facilities at 31 March 2015, which provide adequate resources to finance committed reinvestment and development programmes along with the group's day to day operations.

The 2015 Summer Budget announced by the Chancellor of the Exchequer in July 2015, introduced reforms to the welfare system to make it more affordable, which included reducing rents in the social housing sector by 1% each year for four years from April 2016, along with other policies which have had a significant impact on our business. The government manifesto also includes a commitment to extend the Right to Buy scheme to registered providers which will also have an impact on our business going forward.

We have considered these reforms and built them into our revised business plan along with mitigating actions, including cost and activity reductions. The resulting long-term business plan for the group shows that it is able to service its debt facilities whilst continuing to comply with lender's covenants.

On this basis, the board has a reasonable expectation that the group has sufficient resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future, being a period of twelve months after the date on which the report and financial statements are signed. For this reason, it continues to adopt the going concern basis in the financial statements.

Internal Controls Assurance

The Board acknowledges its overall responsibility, applicable to all organisations within Thirteen, for establishing and maintaining a comprehensive system of internal control and risk management, and for reviewing its effectiveness.

The system of internal control is designed to manage, rather than eliminate, the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and to provide reasonable assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The process for identifying, evaluating and managing the significant risks faced by Thirteen is ongoing and has been in place throughout the period commencing 1 April 2014 up to the date of approval of the report and financial statements.

Key elements of the internal control framework include:

- Board approved terms of reference and delegated authorities for Thirteen's Audit and Risk, Remuneration and Treasury and Investment Committees;
- Standing orders, financial regulations and scheme of delegation approved by Audit and Risk Committee;
- Robust strategic and business planning processes with detailed financial budgets and forecasts;
- Clearly defined management responsibility for the identification, evaluation and control of significant risks;
- Development of a strategic risk register and subsequent quarterly detailed reviews by the Audit and Risk Committee and Board;
- Development of Directorate risk registers owned and regularly reviewed by each Directorate's senior management team.

Report of the Board

- Consideration of risks as part of decision making process at each Board meeting;
- Formal recruitment, retention, training and development policies for employees and Board Directors;
- Established projects and planning framework, with authorisation and appraisal procedures for all significant new initiatives and commitments;
- A considered and prudent approach to treasury management which is subject to review on an annual basis;
- Regular reporting of key performance indicators to Boards and senior management to assess progress towards the achievement of key business objectives, targets and outcomes;
- Board approved whistle-blowing, probity and financial impropriety (anti money laundering, fraud and bribery) policies;
- Regular monitoring of loan covenants and requirements for new loan facilities;
- Regular scenario and stress testing of business plans; and
- Detailed policies and procedures in each service area.

An exceptional events register is maintained and is reviewed by the Audit and Risk Committee on a quarterly basis. This records any suspected incidents of fraud and serious crime, breaches of governance policies including ICT and data governance and any other exceptional events including whistleblowing.

The purpose of the register is to demonstrate to the Audit and Risk Committee that the internal controls are operating, that appropriate policies are being adhered to and, where necessary, appropriate action has been taken to prevent similar occurrences and, where relevant, incidents have been reported to the HCA or other regulatory authority.

The Board cannot delegate ultimate responsibility for the system of internal control, but it can, and has, delegated authority to the Audit and Risk Committee to regularly review the effectiveness of Thirteen's internal controls. The Board receives annual assurance reports from the Audit and Risk Committee and minutes of all Audit and Risk Committee meetings. The Audit and Risk Committee has received the Group Chief Executive's annual review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control for Thirteen, and the annual report of the internal auditor, and has reported its findings to the Board.

NHF Code of Governance

The Erimus Housing Limited Board, in line with the rest of Thirteen, has adopted the NHF Code of Governance (2015 edition) and complies with the principal recommendations within the Code.

The Audit and Risk Committee has agreed a protocol with the independent auditors, which sets out policies for determining the non-audit work that can be undertaken by the independent auditors and procedures for periodic review and selection of independent auditors. The level of fees paid for their work is set out in note 5 to the financial statements.

Report of the Board

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have prepared the Group and Parent company financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company and Group for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- Select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- Make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- State whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- Prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and the group and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006, the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008 and the Accounting Direction for Social Housing in England 2012. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and the Group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the Company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Disclosure of information to auditors

In accordance with Section 418, directors' reports shall include a statement, in the case of each director in office at the date the directors' report is approved, that:

- (a) in so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware; and
- (b) each director has taken all the steps that he/she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information.

Annual General Meeting

The annual general meeting will be held on 3 September 2015.

Independent Auditors

Following a comprehensive tender process, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP were appointed as Independent Auditors for the Thirteen Housing Group Limited following approval by the Audit and Risk Committee in November 2014.

Report of the Board

The report of the Board was approved by the Board on 3 September 2015 and signed by order of the Board by:

Barbara Heather Ashton
Company Secretary

Independent Auditors' Report to the Members of Erimus Housing Limited

Report on the financial statements

Our opinion

In our opinion, Erimus Housing Limited's financial statements (the "financial statements"):

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and of the registered provider's affairs as at 31 March 2015 and of the group's and the registered provider's surplus and group cash flows for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008 and the Accounting Direction for Social Housing in England 2012.

What we have audited

The financial statements comprise:

- the consolidated and registered provider balance sheets as at 31 March 2015;
- the consolidated and registered provider income and expenditure accounts and statements of total recognised surpluses and deficits for the year then ended;
- the group and registered provider statements of historical cost surpluses and deficits for the year then ended;
- the reconciliation of group and registered providers movement in funds;
- the consolidated registered provider cash flow statement for the year then ended; and
- the notes to the financial statements, which include a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in the preparation of the financial statements is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In applying the financial reporting framework, the directors have made a number of subjective judgements, for example in respect of significant accounting estimates. In making such estimates, they have made assumptions and considered future events.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Board for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Other matters on which we are required to report by exception

Adequacy of accounting records and information and explanations received

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the registered provider, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or

Independent Auditors' Report to the Members of Erimus Housing Limited

- the registered provider financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Directors' remuneration

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion, certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made. We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Responsibilities for the financial statements and the audit

Our responsibilities and those of the directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page 32, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view.

Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and ISAs (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the registered provider's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

What an audit of financial statements involves

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) ("ISAs (UK and Ireland)"). An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of:

- whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the group's and the registered provider's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed;
- the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and
- the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We primarily focus our work in these areas by assessing the directors' judgements against available evidence, forming our own judgements, and evaluating the disclosures in the financial statements.

We test and examine information, using sampling and other auditing techniques, to the extent we consider necessary to provide a reasonable basis for us to draw conclusions. We obtain audit evidence through testing the effectiveness of controls, substantive procedures or a combination of both.

In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Annual Report and Financial Statements to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Independent Auditors' Report to the Members of Erimus Housing Limited

Greg Wilson (Senior Statutory Auditor)
for and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors
Newcastle upon Tyne
September 2015

The maintenance and integrity of the Erimus Housing Limited website is the responsibility of the directors; the work carried out by the auditors does not involve consideration of these matters and, accordingly, the auditors accept no responsibility for any changes that may have occurred to the financial statements since they were initially presented on the website.

Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Consolidated Income and Expenditure Account

	Note	2015 £'000	2014 restated £'000
Turnover	3	54,516	52,663
Cost of sales	3	(2)	(120)
Operating costs	3	(40,818)	(40,161)
Operating surplus	5	13,696	12,382
Surplus on sale of fixed assets - housing properties	6	9	375
Surplus on sale of other tangible fixed assets	6	1	38
Interest receivable and other income	7	72	763
Interest payable and similar charges	8	(4,671)	(5,175)
Other finance income	9	781	628
Surplus on ordinary activities before taxation		9,888	9,011
Tax on surplus on ordinary activities	11	-	-
Surplus for the year	24	<u>9,888</u>	<u>9,011</u>

The consolidated results relate wholly to continuing activities.

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

The financial statements on pages 37 to 77 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 3 September 2015 and signed on its behalf by:

Director

Director

Company Income and Expenditure Account

	Note	2015 £'000	2014 restated £'000
Turnover	3	54,516	52,659
Cost of sales	3	(2)	(116)
Operating costs	3	(40,818)	(40,161)
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Operating surplus	5	13,696	12,382
Surplus on sale of fixed assets - housing properties	6	9	375
Surplus on sale of other tangible fixed assets	6	1	38
Interest receivable and other income	7	72	763
Interest payable and similar charges	8	(4,671)	(5,175)
Other finance income	9	781	628
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Surplus on ordinary activities before taxation		9,888	9,011
Tax on surplus on ordinary activities	11	-	-
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Surplus for the year	24	<u>9,888</u>	<u>9,011</u>

The company's results relate wholly to continuing activities

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

The financial statements on pages 37 to 77 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 3 September 2015 and signed on its behalf by:

Director

Director

Statement of Total Recognised Surpluses and Deficits

	Group		Company	
	2015 £'000	2014 £'000	2015 £'000	2014 £'000
Surplus for the year	9,888	9,011	9,888	9,011
Unrealised surplus on revaluation of housing properties	10,935	8,329	10,935	8,329
Actuarial (loss)/gain relating to pension scheme	(4,141)	1,382	(4,141)	1,382
Disposal of grant previously reversed on revaluation	(32)	(22)	(32)	(22)
Transfer to sinking funds	(5)	(5)	(5)	(5)
Transfer intercompany	-	(181)	-	(181)
Total recognised surpluses and deficits relating to the year	<u>16,645</u>	<u>18,514</u>	<u>16,645</u>	<u>18,514</u>

Note of Historical Cost Surpluses and Deficits

	Group		Company	
	2015 £'000	2014 £'000	2015 £'000	2014 £'000
Reported surplus on ordinary activities before taxation	9,888	9,011	9,011	9,011
Realisation of property revaluation gains/(losses)	638	(127)	638	(127)
Excess of actual depreciation and impairment charge over historical cost depreciation and impairment	<u>1,410</u>	<u>1,321</u>	<u>1,410</u>	<u>1,321</u>
Historical cost surplus on ordinary activities before taxation	<u>11,936</u>	<u>10,205</u>	<u>11,059</u>	<u>10,205</u>
Historical cost retained surplus	<u>11,936</u>	<u>10,205</u>	<u>11,059</u>	<u>10,205</u>

Reconciliation of Movement in Group's and Company's Funds

	Group		Company	
	2015 £'000	2014 £'000	2015 £'000	2014 £'000
Opening total funds	215,778	197,264	215,809	197,295
Total recognised surpluses relating to the year	<u>16,645</u>	<u>18,514</u>	<u>16,645</u>	<u>18,514</u>
Closing total funds	<u>232,423</u>	<u>215,778</u>	<u>232,454</u>	<u>215,809</u>

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

Consolidated Balance Sheet

	Note	2015 £'000	2014 restated £'000
Fixed assets			
Housing properties	12	335,538	321,607
Other fixed assets	13	11,849	11,860
Fixed asset investments	14	<u>294</u>	<u>294</u>
Total fixed assets		<u>347,681</u>	<u>333,761</u>
Current assets			
Properties for sale	16	47	-
Debtors	17	4,084	7,564
Investments	18	9,731	2,207
Cash at bank and in hand		<u>3,621</u>	<u>2,405</u>
		17,483	12,176
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	19	<u>(6,552)</u>	<u>(7,675)</u>
Net current assets		<u>10,931</u>	<u>4,497</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>358,612</u>	<u>338,262</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	20	114,497	114,392
Net pension liability	9	<u>11,692</u>	<u>8,092</u>
		126,189	122,484
Capital and reserves			
Revaluation reserve	24	167,875	158,988
Designated reserve	24	2,214	1,506
Revenue reserve	24	<u>62,334</u>	<u>55,284</u>
Consolidated funds		<u>232,423</u>	<u>215,778</u>
		<u>358,612</u>	<u>338,262</u>

The accompanying notes form part of the financial statements.

The financial statements on pages 37 to 77 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 3 September 2015 and signed on its behalf by:

Director

Director

Erimus Housing Limited
Company number 4619469

Company Balance Sheet

	Note	2015 £'000	2014 restated £'000
Fixed assets			
Housing properties	12	335,588	321,657
Other fixed assets	13	11,849	11,860
Fixed asset investments	14	294	294
Total fixed assets		<u>347,731</u>	<u>333,811</u>
Current assets			
Properties for sale	16	47	-
Debtors	17	4,084	7,564
Investments	18	9,731	2,207
Cash at bank and in hand		3,606	2,390
		17,468	12,161
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	19	<u>(6,556)</u>	<u>(7,679)</u>
Net current assets		<u>10,912</u>	<u>4,482</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>358,643</u>	<u>338,293</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	20	114,497	114,392
Net pension liability	9	11,692	8,092
		126,189	122,484
Capital and reserves			
Revaluation reserve	24	167,775	158,888
Designated reserves	24	2,214	1,506
Revenue reserve	24	62,465	55,415
Company's funds		<u>232,454</u>	<u>215,809</u>
		<u>358,643</u>	<u>338,293</u>

The accompanying notes form part of the financial statements.

The financial statements on pages 37 to 77 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 3 September 2015 and signed on its behalf by:

Director

Director

Erimus Housing Limited
Company number 4619469

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement

	Note	2015 £'000	2014 £'000
Net cash inflow from operating activities	27	<u>24,599</u>	<u>17,668</u>
Returns on investments and servicing of finance			
Interest received		72	165
Interest paid		(4,795)	(4,845)
Net cash outflow from returns on investments and servicing of finance		<u>(4,723)</u>	<u>(4,680)</u>
Capital expenditure and financial investment			
Purchase and construction of housing properties		(10,203)	(64,426)
Capitalised works to existing properties		(2,966)	(5,385)
Social housing grant received		2,050	21,566
Purchase of other fixed assets		(1,242)	(2,458)
Sale of housing properties		1,224	4,729
Sale of other fixed assets		1	407
Net cash outflow from capital expenditure and financial investment		<u>(11,136)</u>	<u>(45,567)</u>
Management of liquid resources			
Cash placed with money market deposit accounts		(7,524)	33,390
Net cash inflow/(outflow) before financing		<u>1,216</u>	<u>811</u>
Financing			
Loans received		-	-
Housing loans repaid		-	-
Net cash change from financing		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Increase/(decrease) in cash	28	<u><u>1,216</u></u>	<u><u>811</u></u>

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements

Notes to the Financial Statements

1. Legal status

The company is registered under the Companies Act 2006 and is registered with the Homes and Communities Agency as a housing provider.

2. Accounting policies

Basis of accounting

The financial statements of the group and company are prepared in accordance with Companies Act 2006, UK Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (UK GAAP) and the Statement of Recommended Practice (SORP): accounting by Registered Housing Providers Update 2010 and comply with the Accounting Direction for Private Registered Providers of Social Housing 2012. Accounting policies have been applied consistently throughout the year. The financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis, under the historical cost convention as modified by valuation of certain assets.

A true and fair override of the Companies Act 2006 has been made in respect of the treatment of capital grants. Further detail as to the reasons for this are provided below.

Basis of consolidation

The group financial statements consolidate the financial statements of the company and its subsidiary at 31 March using acquisition accounting. Accounting policies have been applied consistently across the group and intra-group transactions, balances and unrealised surpluses on transactions between group companies are eliminated on consolidation.

Turnover

Turnover comprises income from lettings, revenue grants and contract income, income from properties built for outright sale and first tranche shared ownership sales and income from the supply of other goods and services.

Rents and service charges from lettings are recognised net of losses from voids. Income is recognised from the date the property is first let.

Income from first tranche shared ownership sales and properties built for outright sale is recognised at the point of legal completion of the sale.

Income from the supply of other goods and services is recognised at the invoiced amount, net of VAT, in the period that the goods or services were supplied.

Grants relating to revenue expenditure are credited to the income and expenditure account in the same period as the expenditure to which they relate.

Supporting People and other contract income is recognised when it is entitled to be received under the terms of the contract.

Notes to the Financial Statements

2. Accounting policies

Value added tax

The group charges VAT on a small part of its income and is able to recover VAT on expenditure related to that income. The group also operates a partial exemption method that allows it to reclaim VAT on a proportion of its overheads.

The group has in place a number of agreements to improve existing properties with local authorities. These agreements allow the group to recover VAT on the improvement works to existing properties that fall under the terms of the agreement.

The financial statements of the group include VAT to the extent that it is borne by the group and not recoverable from HM Revenue and Customs. The balance of VAT receivable or payable is included in debtors or creditors.

Interest Receivable and Payable

Interest is capitalised on borrowings to finance developments, to the extent that it accrues in the financial year of development, if it represents either interest on borrowings specifically financing the development programme after the deduction of Social Housing Grant (SHG) in advance or interest on the borrowings of the company as a whole after deduction of SHG in advance, to the extent that they can be deemed to be financing the development programme. In the latter case a weighted average cost of borrowing is used.

Other interest payable and interest receivable is charged or credited to the income and expenditure account in the financial year in which it accrues.

Schemes managed by agents

The treatment of income and expenditure in respect of schemes managed by agents depends on the nature of the management arrangement and whether the company retains the financial risk.

Where the company retains the financial risk, all of the scheme's income and expenditure is included in the company income and expenditure account.

Where the agent carries the financial risk, the income and expenditure account includes only that income and expenditure that relates solely to the company.

Interests in joint arrangements

The company has contractual agreements with other participants to engage in joint activities that do not create an entity carrying on trade or business of its own. The company accounts for its own share of assets, liabilities and cash flows in such joint arrangements, measured in accordance with the terms of the arrangement.

Leased assets

The rental payable under operating leases is charged to the income and expenditure account on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Notes to the Financial Statements

2. Accounting policies

Retirement benefits

The group participates in two funded multi-employer defined benefit schemes, the Teesside Pension Fund (TPF) and the Social Housing Pension Scheme (SHPS).

For the SHPS, it is not possible to identify the Group's share of the underlying assets and liabilities on a consistent and reasonable basis. Therefore the contributions to these schemes are treated as defined contributions and the charge to the income and expenditure account represents the employer contribution to the scheme in the year.

For the TPF the net scheme asset or liability is recognised in the balance sheet. The operating costs of providing retirement benefits to participating employees are recognised in the financial years in which the benefits are earned. The related finance costs, expected return on assets and any other changes in fair value of the assets and liabilities are recognised in the financial year in which they arise. The operating costs, finance costs and expected return on assets are recognised in the income and expenditure account with any other changes in fair value of assets and liabilities being recognised in the statement of total recognised surpluses and deficits.

Taxation

Any charge for taxation is based on the result for the year and takes into account taxation deferred because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. Income and capital gains are generally exempt from tax if applied for charitable purposes

Housing Properties

Housing properties are principally properties available for rent and properties subject to shared ownership leases.

Completed housing properties and housing properties under construction are measured initially at cost less related social housing grant and other capital grants. Costs include the direct costs of acquisition including fees, development staff costs, development period interest and expenditure incurred on improvements.

Completed housing properties are stated at cost or valuation depending on the category of asset as follows:

- Social Housing properties – Existing use value for social housing (EUV-SH)
- Intermediate Market Rent – historic cost net of depreciation provided this approximates to Open Market Value
- Market Rent – Existing use value for social housing (EUV-SH)
- Other non-social housing – historic cost net of depreciation

Expenditure on improvements that enhance the economic benefits of an asset by increasing its rental stream, reducing future maintenance costs or significantly extending its useful economic life, or that restores or replaces a component that has been treated separately for depreciation purposes, is capitalised.

Notes to the Financial Statements

2. Accounting policies

Shared ownership and other shared equity schemes

The cost of unsold shared ownership properties, including those under construction, are split proportionally between current and fixed assets according to the expected percentage of the first tranche sale. The cost of the expected first tranche is included in current assets with the remainder being included in fixed assets.

Loans to purchasers of properties sold under shared equity schemes are included in fixed asset investments.

Depreciation of Housing Properties

Freehold land is not depreciated. Depreciation of buildings is provided on the cost net of social housing grant, or valuation, so as to write down the net book value of housing properties to their estimated residual value. Depreciation is calculated on a straight line basis over the useful economic life of the building. Rates range from 0.8% - 4% per annum.

Properties held on leases are amortised over the life of the lease or their estimated useful economic lives in the business, if shorter.

Major components are treated as separable assets and depreciated over their expected useful economic lives, or the lives of the structure to which they relate if shorter. The rates are as follows:

Land	Not depreciated
Structure	0.8% - 4%
Roofs	2%
Kitchens	5%
Bathrooms	3.33%
Windows	3.33%
Doors	3.33%
Electrical	2%
Heating	6.67%
PV Panels	4%

Other tangible fixed assets

Other fixed assets are measured at cost. Only costs that can be directly attributed to acquiring the asset and bringing it into use are capitalised. Other fixed assets are depreciated over their useful economic lives on a straight line basis to their residual value. Freehold land is not depreciated.

The principal annual rates used for the depreciation of other fixed assets are:

Freehold buildings	0.8% - 4%
Leasehold property	Over life of lease
Furniture and fittings	20%
Computers and office	20%
Motor vehicles	20%
Other plant and equipment	10%
Market rented equipment	10%
Service chargeable fittings	4% - 20%

Notes to the Financial Statements

2. Accounting policies

Impairment

Fixed assets with a remaining useful economic life in excess of 50 years are subject to an annual impairment review. Other fixed assets are reviewed for impairment if there is an indication that impairment may have taken place.

Where there is evidence of impairment, fixed assets are written down to their recoverable amount, being the higher of the net realisable value and the value-in-use. Any such write down is charged to the operating surplus, unless it is a reversal of a past revaluation surplus in which case it is taken to the statement of total recognised surpluses and deficits.

Social Housing Grant

Social Housing Grant (SHG) is receivable from the Homes and Communities Agency (HCA) and is utilised to reduce the capital cost of housing properties including land costs. It is allocated to the land and structure components in proportion to their cost. SHG due from the HCA or received in advance is included as a current asset or liability. SHG received in respect of revenue expenditure is credited to the income and expenditure account in the same financial year as the expenditure to which it relates.

SHG is subordinated to the repayment of loans by agreement with the HCA.

SHG released on the sale of a property may be repayable but is normally available to be recycled and is credited to the RCGF and included in the balance sheet in creditors.

Where individual components are disposed of and this does not create a relevant event for recycling purposes, any grant which has been allocated to the component is released to the income and expenditure account. Upon disposal of the associated property, the group is required to recycle these proceeds. A contingent liability is disclosed to reflect this.

Stocks and Work-in-progress

Stocks of properties for sale including shared ownership first tranche sales, completed properties for outright sale and properties under construction, are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes direct costs, attributable overheads and development period interest. Net realisable value is based on estimated sales price after allowing for further costs of completion and disposal.

Notes to the Financial Statements

2. Accounting policies

Agreement to Improve Existing Properties

The company entered into an agreement to purchase improved properties from the local authority and, at the same time, entered into a sub-contracting agreement to carry out those improvements on behalf of the local authority for a fixed sum established in advance.

The impact of these two transactions is that, whilst the local authority has a legal obligation to the company to complete the refurbishment works, this work has been contracted back to the company which is also legally obligated.

The underlying substance of the transaction is therefore that the company has acquired the properties in their existing condition at their agreed value, and will complete certain repairs and improvements in line with the legal agreement.

In the opinion of the directors, the commercial effect of these transactions, when viewed as whole, does not in practice create separate assets and liabilities for reporting purposes. Therefore the resulting debit and credit balances relating to the legal obligation of the council to complete the refurbishment works for the company and the equal and opposite legal obligation of the company to perform the refurbishment works for the council have been offset, and are not recorded in the balance sheet.

Disposal Proceeds Fund

As required by Section 177 of the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008, the group credits to a Disposal Proceeds Fund the net disposal proceeds from Right to Acquire sales. Net disposal proceeds comprise gross disposal proceeds less eligible deductions. The purpose of the DPF is to provide replacement properties and its use is subject to certain conditions. The balance of the DPF is included in creditors.

Reserves

The group establishes designated reserves for funds that are internally earmarked for a particular purpose and restricted reserves for funds that are subject to external restrictions.

Where properties are held at valuation, the difference between the valuation and the carrying value of the housing properties is credited to the revaluation reserve.

Notes to the Financial Statements

3. Particulars of turnover, cost of sales, operating costs and operating surplus

Group – continuing activities

	2015			
	Turnover	Cost of sales	Operating costs	Operating surplus/ (deficit)
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Social housing lettings	49,306	-	(35,516)	13,790
Other social housing activities				
Current asset property sales	-	(2)	-	(2)
Charges for support services	614	-	(434)	180
Development costs not capitalised	-	-	(85)	(85)
Management services	1,168	-	(1,312)	(144)
Big Lottery Fund	253	-	(253)	-
	<u>2,035</u>	<u>(2)</u>	<u>(2,084)</u>	<u>(51)</u>
Non-social housing activities				
Lettings	505	-	(117)	388
Work done for group companies	2,380	-	(2,519)	(139)
Restructuring costs	-	-	(580)	(580)
Other	290	-	(2)	288
	<u>3,175</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(3,218)</u>	<u>(43)</u>
	<u>54,516</u>	<u>(2)</u>	<u>(40,818)</u>	<u>13,696</u>
	2014			
	Turnover	Cost of sales	Operating costs restated	Operating surplus/ (deficit) restated
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Social housing lettings	45,957	-	(32,932)	13,025
Other social housing activities				
Current asset property sales	115	(116)	-	(1)
Charges for support services	642	-	(570)	72
Development costs not capitalised	-	-	(12)	(12)
Management services	506	-	(641)	(135)
Big Lottery Fund	215	-	(215)	-
	<u>1,478</u>	<u>(116)</u>	<u>(1,438)</u>	<u>(76)</u>
Non-social housing activities				
Lettings	493	-	(147)	346
Work done for group companies	4,694	-	(4,583)	111
Restructuring costs	-	-	(515)	(515)
Other	41	(4)	(546)	(509)
	<u>5,228</u>	<u>(4)</u>	<u>(5,791)</u>	<u>(567)</u>
	<u>52,663</u>	<u>(120)</u>	<u>(40,161)</u>	<u>12,382</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements

3. Particulars of turnover, cost of sales, operating costs and operating surplus

Company – continuing activities

2015				
	Turnover	Cost of sales	Operating costs	Operating surplus/ (deficit)
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Social housing lettings	49,306	-	(35,516)	13,790
Other social housing activities				
Current asset property sales	-	(2)	-	(2)
Charges for support services	614	-	(434)	180
Development costs not capitalised	-	-	(85)	(85)
Management services	1,168	-	(1,312)	(144)
Big Lottery Fund	253	-	(253)	-
	<u>2,035</u>	<u>(2)</u>	<u>(2,084)</u>	<u>(51)</u>
Non-social housing activities				
Lettings	505	-	(117)	388
Work done for group companies	2,380	-	(2,519)	(139)
Restructuring costs	-	-	(580)	(580)
Other	290	-	(2)	288
	<u>3,175</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(3,218)</u>	<u>(43)</u>
	<u>54,516</u>	<u>(2)</u>	<u>(40,818)</u>	<u>13,696</u>
2014				
	Turnover	Cost of sales	Operating costs restated	Operating surplus/ (deficit) restated
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Social housing lettings	45,957	-	(32,932)	13,025
Other social housing activities				
Current asset property sales	115	(116)	-	(1)
Charges for support services	642	-	(570)	72
Development costs not capitalised	-	-	(12)	(12)
Management services	506	-	(641)	(135)
Big Lottery Fund	215	-	(215)	-
	<u>1,478</u>	<u>(116)</u>	<u>(1,438)</u>	<u>(76)</u>
Non-social housing activities				
Lettings	493	-	(147)	346
Work done for group companies	4,694	-	(4,583)	111
Restructuring costs	-	-	(515)	(515)
Other	37	-	(546)	(509)
	<u>5,224</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(5,791)</u>	<u>(567)</u>
	<u>52,659</u>	<u>(116)</u>	<u>(40,161)</u>	<u>12,382</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements

3. Particulars of turnover, cost of sales, operating costs and operating surplus

Particulars of income and expenditure from social housing lettings

Group and Company

				2015	2014
	General needs housing	Supported housing and housing for older people	Low cost home ownership	Total	Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Rent receivable net of identifiable service charges	44,179	3,090	479	47,748	44,556
Service charge income	1,036	425	97	1,558	1,401
Turnover from social housing lettings	45,215	3,515	576	49,306	45,957
Management	(5,641)	(434)	(128)	(6,203)	(5,756)
Service charge costs	(2,491)	(489)	(143)	(3,123)	(2,707)
Routine maintenance	(8,376)	(494)	(59)	(8,929)	(8,532)
Planned maintenance	(1,546)	(147)	(18)	(1,711)	(1,243)
Major repairs expenditure	(6,738)	(452)	-	(7,190)	(6,778)
Bad debts	(881)	(68)	(21)	(970)	(540)
Depreciation of housing properties	(6,709)	(522)	(159)	(7,390)	(6,327)
Impairment of housing properties	-	-	-	-	(1,049)
Operating costs on social housing lettings	(32,382)	(2,606)	(528)	(35,516)	(32,932)
Operating surplus on social housing lettings	12,833	909	48	13,790	13,025
Void losses	(1,125)	(79)	(20)	(1,224)	(937)

Particulars of turnover from non-social housing lettings

Group and Company

	2015	2014
	£'000	£'000
Non-social housing		
Commercial units	291	277
Garages	214	216
	<u>505</u>	<u>493</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements

4. Accommodation in management and development

Group and Company

At the end of the year accommodation in management for each class of accommodation was as follows:

	2015	2014
	No. of	No. of
	properties	properties
Social housing		
General housing		
- social rent	9,926	9,959
- affordable rent	181	97
Supported housing and housing for older people	784	784
Low cost home ownership	237	171
Total owned	<u>11,128</u>	<u>11,011</u>
General housing managed for others	9	10
Leasehold properties	278	349
Total owned and managed	<u>11,415</u>	<u>11,370</u>
Other property types		
Commercial units	55	55
Garages	372	372
Non social leased	3	3
Homebuy Direct	4	4
Total owned and managed	<u>434</u>	<u>434</u>
Accommodation in development at the year end	<u>44</u>	<u>127</u>

5. Operating surplus

	£'000	£'000
This is arrived after charging/(crediting):		
Depreciation of social housing properties	7,413	6,327
Impairment of housing properties	-	1,049
Depreciation of other tangible fixed assets	1,253	919
Operating lease rentals		
- Building	72	-
- Office equipment and computers	33	57
- Motor vehicles	577	633
Auditors' remuneration (excluding VAT)		
- for non-audit services	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

Audit fees of £89,940 (2014 restated: £90,277) for the entire Thirteen Housing Group Limited are recognised in the ultimate parent undertaking.

Notes to the Financial Statements

6. Surplus on sale of fixed assets

	£'000	£'000
Housing properties		
Disposal proceeds	1,216	4,746
Discount repaid	-	27
Carrying value of fixed assets	(979)	(4,210)
Administrative costs of sale	(8)	(14)
	<u>229</u>	<u>549</u>
Capital grant recycled (note 21)	-	(35)
Disposal proceeds fund (note 22)	(220)	(139)
	<u>9</u>	<u>375</u>
Other tangible fixed assets		
Disposal proceeds	1	407
Carrying value of fixed assets	-	(369)
Administrative costs of sale	-	-
	<u>1</u>	<u>38</u>

7. Interest receivable and other income

Group and Company	2015	2014
	£'000	£'000
Bank interest receivable and similar income	72	165
Other interest receivable	-	598
	<u>72</u>	<u>763</u>

8. Interest payable and similar charges

Group and Company	2015	2014
	£'000	£'000
Loans and bank overdrafts	4,797	4,824
Interest payable capitalised on housing properties under construction	(198)	(149)
Amortisation of borrowing costs	56	56
Other interest payable	16	444
	<u>4,671</u>	<u>5,175</u>
Average interest rate used to determine the amount of finance costs capitalised during the financial year	<u>4.20%</u>	<u>4.14%</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements

9. Employees

Average monthly number of employees:	2015	2014
Group and Company	Number	Number
Regeneration	-	28
Housing, support and care	520	432
	520	460
Expressed as full time equivalents:	2015	2014
Group and Company	Number	Number restated
Regeneration	-	27
Housing, support and care	475	377
	475	404
Employee costs:	2015	2014
Group and Company	£'000	£'000
Wages and salaries	12,638	10,836
Social security costs	800	647
Other pension costs	1,104	909
	14,542	12,392
Restructuring costs	580	515
	15,122	12,907

Other pension costs exclude current service costs accounted for under FRS17. These service costs amounted to £240k for the financial year (2014: £263k).

Other pension costs also exclude payments to the Social Housing Pension Scheme to fund past service deficits. These payments amount to £49k for the financial year (2014: £47k)

Restructuring costs have been included in operating costs in 2013/14 and 2014/15 and relate to redundancy and associated costs following the formation of Thirteen Housing Group Limited.

Optimus Homes Limited has no employees (2014: none).

Notes to the Financial Statements

9. Employees

The company participates in two pension schemes, the Social Housing Pension Scheme and the Teesside Pension Fund. Both are defined benefit multi-employer schemes.

The Social Housing Pension Scheme

The company participates in the Social Housing Pension Scheme (the Scheme). The Scheme is funded and is contracted-out of the State Pension scheme.

It is not possible in the normal course of events to identify on a consistent and reasonable basis the share of underlying assets and liabilities belonging to individual participating employers. This is because the Scheme is a multi-employer scheme where the Scheme assets are co-mingled for investment purposes, and benefits are paid from total Scheme assets. Accordingly, due to the nature of the Scheme, the accounting charge for the year under FRS17 represents the employer contribution payable. During the year the company contributed £179,708 (2014: £99,664) to the Scheme.

The Trustee commissions an actuarial valuation of the Scheme every three years. The main purpose of the valuation is to determine the financial position of the Scheme in order to address the level of future contributions required so that the Scheme can meet its pension obligations as they fall due.

The last formal valuation of the Scheme was performed as at 30 September 2011 by a professionally qualified Actuary using the Projected Unit Method. The market value of the Scheme's assets at the valuation date was £2,062 million. The valuation revealed a shortfall of assets compared with the value of liabilities of £1,035 million, equivalent to a past service funding level of 67%.

The Scheme Actuary is currently finalising the 2014 valuation but key provisional results have been confirmed. As at 30 September 2014 the market value of the Scheme's assets was £3,123 million. There was a shortfall of assets compared with the value of liabilities of £1,323 million, equivalent to a past service funding level of 70%.

As at 31 March 2015, the company is obligated to make the following annual payments to fund past deficits:

Scheme valuation	2014/15 payment	Annual increase	Final payment
2008	£41,361	4.7%	2022/23
2011	£7,305	3.0%	2025/26

The company has been notified by the Pensions Trust of the estimated employer debt on withdrawal from the Social Housing Pension Scheme based on the financial position of the Scheme as at 30 September 2014. As of this date the estimated employer debt for the company was £3,370,290.

No provision is made in the financial statements for this amount as the possibility of the liability arising is considered to be remote.

The Teesside Pension Fund

The Teesside Pension Fund is a multi-employer scheme with more than one participating employer, which is administered by Middlesbrough Council under the regulations governing the Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS), a defined benefit scheme. Triennial actuarial valuations of the pension scheme are performed by an independent, professionally qualified actuary using the projected unit method. The most recent formal actuarial valuation was completed as at 31 March 2013.

The employer's contributions to the Teesside Pension Fund by Erimus Housing Limited for the year ended 31 March 2015 were £880,000 (2014: £890,000). The employer's contribution rate was fixed as 15.3% of pensionable pay until 31 March 2017.

Notes to the Financial Statements

9. Employees

The Teesside Pension Fund (continued)

Financial assumptions	31 March 2015 % per annum	31 March 2014 % per annum
Discount rate	3.2	4.3
RPI price inflation	2.9	3.4
CPI price inflation	1.8	2.4
Pension increases	1.8	2.4
Pension accounts revaluation rate	1.8	2.4
Salary increases	3.3	3.9

Mortality assumptions

The mortality assumptions are based on the recent actual mortality experience of members within the fund and allow for expected future mortality improvements.

Post retirement mortality (retirement in normal health)

2015 and **2014**: Year of birth base table, scaling 100% standard SAPS Normal Health All Amounts (S1NMA Male/S1NFA Female). CMI 2012 with a long term rate of improvement of 1.5% p.a.

Future lifetime from age 65:		31 March 2015 No. of years	31 March 2014 No. of years
Aged 65 at accounting date	Males	23.0	22.9
	Females	25.2	25.1
Aged 45 at accounting date	Males	25.5	25.4
	Females	27.8	27.7

Commutation

Each member is assumed to surrender pension on retirement, such that total cash received (including any lump sum from pre 2008 service) is 80% (2013: 50%) of the permitted maximum.

Analysis of the amount charged to the income and expenditure account

	2015 £'000	2014 £'000
Current service cost	1,002	1,147
Curtailments	118	6
Amounts charged to operating costs	1,120	1,153
	2015 £'000	2014 £'000
Expected return on scheme assets	2,989	2,922
Interest on scheme liabilities	(2,208)	(2,294)
Amounts charged/(credited) to other finance costs	781	628
Actual return on scheme assets	3,994	1,253

Notes to the Financial Statements

9. Employees

The Teesside Pension Fund (continued)

Statement of total recognised surpluses and deficits

	2015	2014
	£'000	£'000
Actuarial gain in pension scheme recognised in STRSD	(4,141)	1,382
Changes in assumptions underlying the present value of scheme liabilities	-	-
	<u>(4,141)</u>	<u>1,382</u>
Cumulative actuarial loss recognised in STRSD	<u>(7,405)</u>	<u>(3,264)</u>

Amounts recognised in the balance sheet

	2015	2014
	£'000	£'000
Net pension liability		
Present value of funded obligation	(58,536)	(51,505)
Fair value of scheme assets	46,844	43,413
	<u>(11,692)</u>	<u>(8,092)</u>
Net liability recognised in the balance sheet	<u>(11,692)</u>	<u>(8,092)</u>

Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of the present value of scheme liabilities

	2015	2014
	£'000	£'000
Opening scheme liabilities	(51,505)	(52,036)
Current service cost	(1,002)	(1,147)
Interest cost	(2,208)	(2,294)
Actuarial gains/(losses)	(5,146)	3,051
Benefits paid	1,717	1,234
Contributions by Scheme participants	(274)	(307)
Curtailments	(118)	(6)
	<u>(58,536)</u>	<u>(51,505)</u>
Closing scheme liabilities	<u>(58,536)</u>	<u>(51,505)</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements

9. Employees

The Teesside Pension Fund (continued)

Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of the fair value of scheme assets

	2015	2014
	£'000	£'000
Opening fair value of Scheme assets	43,413	42,197
Expected return on Scheme assets	2,989	2,922
Actuarial (losses)/gains	1,005	(1,669)
Contributions by employer	880	890
Contributions by Scheme participants	274	307
Benefits paid	(1,717)	(1,234)
	<u>46,844</u>	<u>43,413</u>
Closing fair value of Scheme assets	<u>46,844</u>	<u>43,413</u>

Amounts for the current and previous five financial years

	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Present value of scheme liabilities	(58,536)	(51,505)	(52,036)	(48,128)	(38,896)
Fair value of scheme assets	43,413	42,197	42,197	36,584	36,555
Deficit on scheme	(11,692)	(8,092)	(9,839)	(11,544)	(2,341)
Experience adjustment on plan liabilities	224	3,571	39	-	(2,164)
Experience adjustment on plan assets	1,005	(1,669)	3,451	(3,029)	428
	<u>1,005</u>	<u>(1,669)</u>	<u>3,451</u>	<u>(3,029)</u>	<u>428</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements

10. Directors and higher paid staff

Group and Company

Executive directors				2015	2014
	Basic salary £'000	Benefits in kind £'000	Pension contributions £'000	Total £'000	Total £'000
Managing Director					
Christine Smith	-	-	-	-	123
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>123</u>

The post of Managing Director was discontinued from 1 April 2014 and the post holder moved to another post within Thirteen Housing Group Limited.

The full time equivalent number of staff who received emoluments:

	2015 Number	2014 Number
£60,000 to £70,000	-	1
£70,001 to £100,000	-	-
Over £100,000	<u>-</u>	<u>1</u>

The Chief Executive and other executive directors were employed by Thirteen Housing Group Limited. A charge for their costs has been included within the management charge for the financial year. Christine Smith, Group Director of Business Development, is the lead executive director for Erimus Housing Limited

No emoluments were paid directly by Erimus Housing Limited to executive directors (2014: £105,000). Details of emoluments paid to executive directors are detailed in the Annual Report and Financial Statements of Thirteen Housing Group Limited.

Non-executive directors

Non-executive directors are set out on page 2. Emoluments paid to non-executive directors amounted to £49,760 (2014: £44,125). Non-executive directors were reimbursed for out-of-pocket expenses through Thirteen Housing Group Limited.

Notes to the Financial Statements

11. Tax on surplus on ordinary activities

	Group		Company	
	2015 £'000	2014 £'000	2015 £'000	2014 £'000
Current tax				
UK corporation tax on surpluses for the year	-	-	-	-

Factors affecting tax charge for the current year

The tax charge for the period differs (2014: differs) from the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20%.

The differences are explained below:

	Group		Company	
	2015 £'000	2014 £'000	2015 £'000	2014 £'000
Surplus on ordinary activities before taxation	9,888	9,011	9,888	9,011
Tax on profit at standard UK tax rate of 20% (2014: 20%)	1,978	1,802	1,978	1,802
Effects of:				
Non-taxable income	(1,978)	(1,802)	(1,978)	(1,802)
Current tax charge for the year	-	-	-	-

Factors that may affect future charges

On the basis that future income and gains will be applied for charitable purposes, the company should fall within the tax exemptions available to charitable entities.

Any group tax charges relate to Optimus Homes Limited.

Notes to the Financial Statements

12. Housing properties

Group

	Social housing properties held for letting £'000	Housing properties for letting under construction £'000	Completed shared ownership housing properties £'000	Shared ownership properties under construction £'000	Total housing properties £'000
Cost or valuation					
At 1 April 2014	310,001	9,047	9,229	7	328,284
Additions	(2)	10,131	-	94	10,223
Works to existing properties	2,966	-	-	-	2,966
Interest capitalised	-	198	-	-	198
Schemes completed	8,215	(8,215)	47	(47)	-
Disposals	(1,737)	-	-	(47)	(1,784)
Transfers to other fixed assets	-	-	-	-	-
Valuation adjustment	2,115	-	(248)	-	1,867
At 31 March 2015	321,558	11,161	9,028	7	341,754
Depreciation and impairment					
At 1 April 2014	253	3,795	-	-	4,048
Depreciation charged in year	7,173	-	240	-	7,413
Impairment charged in year	-	-	-	-	-
Depreciation released on disposal	(644)	-	-	-	(644)
Disposal of previously impaired properties	(81)	-	-	-	(81)
Valuation adjustment	(6,529)	-	(240)	-	(6,769)
At 31 March 2015	172	3,795	-	-	3,967
Social Housing Grant					
At 1 April 2014	85	1,054	1,490	-	2,629
Additions	-	1,896	-	22	1,918
Schemes completed	2,052	(2,052)	22	(22)	-
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-
Valuation adjustment	(2,137)	-	(161)	-	(2,298)
At 31 March 2015	-	898	1,351	-	2,249
Net book value					
At 31 March 2015	321,386	6,468	7,677	7	335,538
At 31 March 2014	309,663	4,198	7,739	7	321,607

Notes to the Financial Statements

12. Housing properties

Company

	Social housing properties held for letting £'000	Housing properties for lettings under construction £'000	Completed shared ownership housing properties £'000	Shared ownership properties under construction £'000	Total housing properties £'000
Cost or valuation					
At 1 April 2014	310,001	9,104	9,229	-	328,334
Additions	(2)	10,131	-	94	10,223
Works to existing properties	2,966	-	-	-	2,966
Interest capitalised	-	198	-	-	198
Schemes completed	8,215	(8,215)	47	(47)	-
Disposals	(1,737)	-	-	(47)	(1,784)
Transfers to other fixed assets	-	-	-	-	-
Valuation adjustment	2,115	-	(248)	-	1,867
At 31 March 2015	321,558	11,218	9,028	-	341,804
Depreciation and impairment					
At 1 April 2014	253	3,795	-	-	4,048
Depreciation charged in year	7,173	-	240	-	7,413
Impairment charged in year	-	-	-	-	-
Depreciation released on disposal	(644)	-	-	-	(644)
Disposal of previously impaired properties	(81)	-	-	-	(81)
Valuation adjustment	(6,529)	-	(240)	-	(6,769)
At 31 March 2015	172	3,795	-	-	3,967
Social Housing Grant					
At 1 April 2014	85	1,054	1,490	-	2,629
Additions	-	1,896	-	22	1,918
Schemes completed	2,052	(2,052)	22	(22)	-
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-
Valuation adjustment	(2,137)	-	(161)	-	(2,298)
At 31 March 2015	-	898	1,351	-	2,249
Net book value					
At 31 March 2015	321,386	6,525	7,677	-	335,588
At 31 March 2014	309,663	4,255	7,739	-	321,657

Notes to the Financial Statements

12. Housing properties

Company – historical cost

	Social housing properties held for letting £'000	Housing properties for lettings under construction £'000	Completed shared ownership housing properties £'000	Shared ownership properties under construction £'000	Total housing properties £'000
Cost					
At 1 April 2014	202,245	9,101	10,406	1	221,753
Additions	(2)	10,131	-	94	10,223
Works to existing properties	2,966	-	-	-	2,966
Interest capitalised	-	198	-	-	198
Schemes completed	8,215	(8,215)	47	(47)	-
Disposals	(1,107)	-	-	(47)	(1,154)
Transfers to other fixed assets	-	-	-	-	-
At 31 March 2015	212,317	11,215	10,453	1	233,986
Depreciation and impairment					
At 1 April 2014	21,986	3,795	377	-	26,158
Depreciation charged in year	5,819	-	184	-	6,003
Impairment charged in year	-	-	-	-	-
Depreciation released on disposal	(652)	-	-	-	(652)
Disposal of previously impaired properties	(81)	-	-	-	(81)
At 31 March 2015	27,072	3,795	561	-	31,428
Social Housing Grant					
At 1 April 2014	28,734	1,052	3,043	-	32,829
Additions	-	1,896	-	22	1,918
Schemes completed	2,052	(2,052)	22	(22)	-
Disposals	(32)	-	-	-	(32)
At 31 March 2015	30,754	896	3,065	-	34,715
Net book value					
At 31 March 2015	154,491	6,524	6,827	1	167,843
At 31 March 2014	151,525	4,254	6,986	1	162,766

Notes to the Financial Statements

12. Housing properties

Valuation

Completed housing properties were revalued on the 31 March 2015 and are stated at their Existing Use Value for Social Housing (EUV-SH), including notional directly attributable acquisition costs. The group's housing properties have been valued by professional external valuers, Savills Plc. The full valuation of the properties was undertaken in accordance with the Appraisal and Valuation Manual of the Royal Institute of Chartered Surveyors.

The value of the properties on an existing use for social housing basis, including properties under construction, was £336million (2014: £322million), and this valuation has been reflected in the valuation of the properties in the financial statements as follows:

Group and company	2015	2014
	£'000	£'000
Completed properties at valuation		
Properties held for letting	321,386	309,663
Shared ownership and intermediate market rent	7,677	7,739
Properties under construction at cost less SHG		
Properties held for letting	6,468	4,198
Shared ownership and intermediate market rent	7	7
	335,538	321,607

On valuation, the surplus of £10.9million (2014 £8.3million) over the carrying value has been taken to the revaluation reserve.

It should be noted that Savills also reported on the value of the properties for loan security purposes, which is reported as £275million (2014: £266.5million).

Valuation assumptions

In valuing the housing properties, discounted cash flow methodology was adopted and key assumptions included:

	Group	Group
	2015	2014
Discount rate	6%	5.5% to 5.75%
Annual inflation rate	2%	2.0% to 2.5%

Rental growth is assumed at CPI + 1%.

Intermediate market rented properties are valued at historic cost net of depreciation assuming this approximates to Open Market Value.

Notes to the Financial Statements

12. Housing properties

Social Housing Grant

Total accumulated Social Housing Grant receivable at 31 March was:

Group and Company	2015 £'000	2014 £'000
Capital grants	34,715	32,829
	<u>34,715</u>	<u>32,829</u>

Housing properties book value, net of depreciation and grants

	Group		Company	
	2015 £'000	2014 £'000	2015 £'000	2014 £'000
Freehold land and buildings	335,264	276,913	335,314	276,963
Long leasehold land and buildings	<u>274</u>	<u>248</u>	<u>274</u>	<u>248</u>
	<u>335,538</u>	<u>277,161</u>	<u>335,588</u>	<u>277,211</u>

Expenditure on works to existing properties

Group and Company	2015 £'000	2014 £'000
Amounts capitalised	2,966	5,385
Amounts charged to income and expenditure account	<u>7,190</u>	<u>6,778</u>
	<u>10,156</u>	<u>12,163</u>

Impairment

The group considers individual schemes to be separate income generating units when assessing for impairment, in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 11: Impairment of Fixed Assets and Goodwill.

There was no impairment provision made in 2015 (2014: £1.0m).

Notes to the Financial Statements

13. Other tangible fixed assets

Group and Company

	Freehold land and buildings	Furniture fittings and ICT/office equipment	Other plant and equipment	Motor vehicles	Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Cost					
At 1 April 2014	5,275	9,466	825	87	15,653
Additions	15	1,214	13	-	1,242
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers from housing properties	-	-	-	-	-
At 31 March 2015	5,290	10,680	838	87	16,895
Depreciation					
At 1 April 2014	188	3,209	322	74	3,793
Charged in year	41	1,146	60	6	1,253
Released on disposal	-	-	-	-	-
At 31 March 2015	229	4,355	382	80	5,046
Net book value					
At 31 March 2015	5,061	6,325	456	7	11,849

14. Fixed asset investments

Group and Company

Shared Equity and Homebuy Direct loans	2015 £'000	2014 £'000
Gross loans advanced to the home owner	294	294
Less: loans received from the HCA	-	-
	294	294

Notes to the Financial Statements

15. Investments in subsidiaries

Company

As required by statute, the financial statements consolidate the results of Optimus Homes Limited which is a company incorporated in the UK. The company holds all of the issued share capital, comprising 100 £1 shares, in Optimus Homes Limited whose principal activity is the development and construction of housing properties.

16. Properties for sale

Group and company

	2015 £'000	2014 £'000
Properties developed for outright sale	47	-
	<u>47</u>	<u>-</u>

17. Debtors

	Group		Company	
	2015 £'000	2014 £'000	2015 £'000	2014 £'000
Due within one year				
Rent and service charges receivable	4,321	3,845	4,321	3,845
Less: provision for bad and doubtful debts	(1,503)	(924)	(1,503)	(924)
Net rental debtors	<u>2,818</u>	<u>2,921</u>	<u>2,818</u>	<u>2,921</u>
Prepayments and accrued income	651	875	651	875
Capital grants receivable	-	978	-	978
Revenue grants receivable	-	160	-	160
Other debtors	5	70	5	70
Amounts owed by group undertakings	<u>610</u>	<u>2,398</u>	<u>610</u>	<u>2,398</u>
	4,084	7,402	4,084	7,402
Due after more than one year				
Prepayments and accrued income	<u>-</u>	<u>162</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>162</u>
	<u>4,084</u>	<u>7,564</u>	<u>4,084</u>	<u>7,564</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements

18. Investments

	Group		Company	
	2015 £'000	2014 £'000	2015 £'000	2014 £'000
Money market deposits	9,731	2,207	9,731	2,207
	<u>9,731</u>	<u>2,207</u>	<u>9,731</u>	<u>2,207</u>

19. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	Group		Company	
	2015 £'000	2014 £'000 restated	2015 £'000	2014 £'000 restated
Debt (note 23)	-	-	-	-
Rent and service charges received in advance	546	477	546	477
Social housing grant received in advance	-	671	-	671
Recycled capital grant fund (note 21)	-	35	-	35
Disposals proceeds fund (note 22)	220	140	220	140
Development creditors	342	905	342	905
Interest payable	513	495	513	495
VAT reclaimable	-	3	-	3
Other taxation and social security	194	189	194	189
Other creditors	328	299	328	299
Accruals and deferred income	2,822	2,148	2,822	2,148
Big Lottery Fund Grant	77	139	77	139
Restructuring costs	133	386	133	386
MBC Joint Venture	-	-	-	-
Amounts owed to group undertakings	1,377	1,788	1,381	1,792
	<u>6,552</u>	<u>7,675</u>	<u>6,556</u>	<u>7,679</u>

20. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

Group and Company

	2015 £'000	2014 £'000 restated
Debt (note 23)	114,444	114,444
Borrowing costs unamortised	(167)	(224)
Recycled capital grant fund (note 21)	35	-
Disposals proceeds fund (note 22)	185	172
	<u>114,497</u>	<u>114,392</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements

21. Recycled capital grant fund

Group and Company

	2015	2014
	£'000	£'000
At 1 April	35	91
Grants recycled	-	(56)
	<u>35</u>	<u>35</u>
Repayment of grant	-	-
At 31 March	<u>35</u>	<u>35</u>
Amount of grant due for repayment within 1 year	<u>-</u>	<u>35</u>

There were £nil (2014: £56,000) withdrawals from the recycled capital grant fund which were used to fund new build developments.

22. Disposal proceeds fund

Group and Company

	2015	2014
	£'000	£'000
At 1 April	312	173
Grants recycled	220	139
Repayment of grant	(127)	-
At 31 March	<u>405</u>	<u>312</u>
Amount of grant due for repayment within one year	<u>220</u>	<u>140</u>

There were £127k (2014: £nil) withdrawals from the disposal proceeds fund which was used to fund the regeneration of the Gresham area.

Notes to the Financial Statements

23. Debt analysis

Group and Company

Housing loans	2015 £'000	2014 £'000
Debt profile		
Bank and building society loans at fixed rates of interest	74,444	64,444
Bank and building society loans at variable rates of interest	<u>40,000</u>	<u>50,000</u>
	<u>114,444</u>	<u>114,444</u>

Terms of repayment and interest rates

Fixed rates of interest range from 3.80% to 5.36%.

Variable rates of interest are up to 1.85% over LIBOR.

Final instalments fall to be repaid in the period from 2017 to 2033.

Debt is repayable as follows:

	£'000	£'000
Within one year or on demand	-	-
One year or more but less than two years	20,000	-
Two years or more but less than five years	34,444	25,000
Five years or more	<u>60,000</u>	<u>89,444</u>
	<u>114,444</u>	<u>114,444</u>

All loans are secured by fixed charges over the company's properties.

As at 31 March 2015 the company had undrawn loan facilities of £15.6million (2014: £15.6million).

Notes to the Financial Statements

24. Reserves

Group	Revaluation Reserve Housing Properties £'000	Restricted Reserve £'000	Designated Reserve £'000	Revenue Reserve £'000	Total Reserves £'000
At 1 April 2014	158,988	-	1,506	55,284	215,778
Surplus for the financial year	-	-	-	9,888	9,888
Surplus on revaluation of properties	10,935	-	-	-	10,935
Actuarial loss relating to pension scheme	-	-	-	(4,141)	(4,141)
Transfer in respect of depreciation of revalued properties	(1,410)	-	-	1,410	-
Transfer in respect of realised gain on disposal of revalued properties	(638)	-	-	638	-
Disposal of grant previously written off	-	-	-	(32)	(32)
Transfers from revenue reserve	-	-	708	(708)	-
Transfers to revenue reserve	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer to sinking funds	-	-	-	(5)	(5)
Transfer intercompany	-	-	-	-	-
At 31 March 2015	167,875	-	2,214	62,334	232,423

Company	Revaluation Reserve Housing Properties £'000	Restricted Reserve £'000	Designated Reserve £'000	Revenue Reserve £'000	Total Reserves £'000
At 1 April 2014	158,888	-	1,506	55,415	215,809
Surplus for the financial year	-	-	-	9,888	9,888
Surplus on revaluation of properties	10,935	-	-	-	10,935
Actuarial loss relating to pension scheme	-	-	-	(4,141)	(4,141)
Transfer in respect of depreciation of revalued properties	(1,410)	-	-	1,410	-
Transfer in respect of realised gain on disposal of revalued properties	(638)	-	-	638	-
Disposal of grant previously written off	-	-	-	(32)	(32)
Transfers from revenue reserve	-	-	708	(708)	-
Transfers to revenue reserve	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer to sinking funds	-	-	-	(5)	(5)
Transfer intercompany	-	-	-	-	-
At 31 March 2015	167,775	-	2,214	62,465	232,454

Notes to the Financial Statements

24. Reserves

Group and Company

Revaluation reserve

The revaluation reserve relates entirely to the revaluation of housing properties.

Restricted reserve

The restricted reserve relates to the Big Lottery Fund. The amount of grant received during the year was £244,648 (2014: £238,580). The income is restricted to expenditure on the "Know Your Money" project, a four year project due to complete in January 2017.

VAT Reserve (Designated)

The group entered into a VAT arrangement with Middlesbrough Council as part of the stock transfer on 15 November 2004, enabling the group to recover VAT on the improvement works it carries out as part of its property investment programme. The board has designated an amount equal to the group's VAT recovery under this arrangement, for the purpose of future regeneration activity.

Revenue reserve

At 31 March 2015 the revenue reserve included £11.7million defined pensions liability (2014: £8.1million).

25. Capital commitments

Group and Company

Capital expenditure commitments were as follows:

	2015	2014
	£'000	£'000
Expenditure contracted for, but not provided for in the financial statements	922	10,184
Expenditure authorised by the board, but not contracted	<u>7,376</u>	<u>1,114</u>
	<u>8,298</u>	<u>11,298</u>

The above commitments will be financed primarily through borrowings (£8million) which are available for draw-down under existing loan arrangements, with the balance (£0.3million) funded through Social Housing Grant, other grants and the group's own reserves.

26. Contingent liabilities

Social Housing Pension Scheme

Following a change in the legislation in September 2005 there is a potential liability on the employer that could be levied by the trustee of the scheme. The debt is due in the event of the employer ceasing to participate in the scheme or the scheme winding up.

Erimus Housing Limited has been notified by the Pensions Trust of the estimated employer debt on withdrawal from the Social Housing Pension Scheme based on the financial position of the Scheme as at 30 September 2014. As of this date the estimated employer debt for Erimus Housing Limited was £3,370,290. No provision has been made in the financial statements for this amount as the possibility of the liability arising is considered to be remote.

Notes to the Financial Statements

27. Net cash inflow from operating activities

Group	2015	2014
	£'000	£'000
Operating surplus	13,696	12,897
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	8,666	7,238
Impairment of tangible fixed assets	-	1,049
Pensions operating credit	1,120	1,153
Pension contributions paid	(880)	(890)
Deficit on sale of housing properties	(2)	(1)
	<u>22,600</u>	<u>21,446</u>
Working capital movements		
(Increase)/decrease in properties for outright sale	-	-
Decrease/(increase) in debtors	2,472	(2,161)
Decrease in creditors	(473)	(1,102)
Net cash inflow from operating activities	<u>24,599</u>	<u>18,183</u>

Group	2015	2014
	£'000	£'000
Operating surplus	13,696	12,897
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	8,666	7,238
Impairment of tangible fixed assets	-	1,049
Pensions operating credit	1,120	1,153
Pension contributions paid	(880)	(890)
Deficit on sale of housing properties	(2)	(1)
	<u>22,600</u>	<u>21,446</u>
Working capital movements		
(Increase)/decrease in properties for outright sale	-	-
Decrease/(increase) in debtors	2,472	(2,161)
Decrease in creditors	(473)	(1,102)
Net cash inflow from operating activities	<u>24,599</u>	<u>18,183</u>

28. Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net debt

	£'000	£'000
Increase in cash in the financial year	1,216	811
Cash flow from increase/(decrease) in liquid resources	7,524	(33,390)
Cash outflow from change in debt	-	-
Total changes in net debt for the financial year	<u>8,740</u>	<u>(32,579)</u>
Net debt at 1 April	<u>(109,832)</u>	<u>(77,253)</u>
Net debt at 31 March	<u>(101,092)</u>	<u>(109,832)</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements

29. Analysis of changes in net debt

	2014 £'000	Flow £'000	2015 £'000
Cash at bank and in hand	2,405	1,216	3,621
Cash	2,405	1,216	3,621
Current asset investments	2,207	7,524	9,731
Debt	(114,444)	-	(114,444)
Net debt	(109,832)	8,740	(101,092)

30. Operating leases

The payments which the group and company are committed to make in the next financial year under operating leases are as follows:

	2015 £'000	2014 £'000
Land and buildings leases expiring		
Within one year	36	-
One to five years	52	-
	<u>88</u>	<u>-</u>
Office equipment and computers leases expiring		
Within one year	30	38
One to five years	-	-
	<u>30</u>	<u>38</u>
Motor vehicles leases expiring		
Within one year	-	358
One to five years	-	110
	<u>-</u>	<u>468</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements

31. Related party transactions

There were four tenant board members during the financial year, Pam Mclvor, Michelle Tierney, Nicola Walker and Lawren Walker. Their tenancies are on normal commercial terms and they are not able to use their position to their advantage.

There were three members of Middlesbrough Council on the board during the financial year, Mike Carr, Nicola Walker, Tracey Harvey and Mick Thompson. Transactions with Middlesbrough Council during the financial year were on an arms-length basis and transactional amounts and outstanding balances as at 31 March 2015 are shown in the consolidated financial statements of Thirteen Housing Group Limited.

The company has taken advantage of the exemptions under FRS 8 'Related Party Transactions' not to disclose transactions with other group companies, apart from transactions with unregistered group entities as required by the Accounting Direction 2012. Transactions with unregistered group entities are as follows:

Company	Service provided	Cost allocation basis	2015 £'000	2014 £'000
Thirteen Care and Support Limited	Funding of client service	As per agreement	(65)	-
Thirteen Care and Support Limited	Provision of client services	Recovery of actual costs	27	-
Thirteen Care and Support Limited	Tenancy support	Recovery of actual costs	-	100
Optimus Homes Limited	Management services	Actual cost plus 1% mark up	-	4

Notes to the Financial Statements

32. Stock transfer obligations

Group and company

Erimus Housing Limited entered into an agreement to purchase improved properties from the local authority and, at the same time, entered into a sub-contracting agreement to carry out those improvements on behalf of the local authority for a fixed sum established in advance which was equal to the expected cost of the works. These contracts have enabled the company to recover VAT on the improvement costs that would otherwise have been expensed.

The impact of these transactions is that, whilst the local authority has a legal obligation to the company to complete the refurbishment works, this work has been contracted back to the company which is also legally obligated.

The underlying substance of the transaction is therefore that the company acquired the properties in their existing condition at their agreed value, and will complete certain repairs and improvements in line with the legal agreement.

In the opinion of the directors, the commercial effect of these transactions, when viewed as whole, does not in practice create separate assets and liabilities for reporting purposes. Therefore the resulting debit and credit balances relating to the legal obligation of the local authority to complete the refurbishment works for the company and the equal and opposite legal obligation of the company to perform the refurbishment works for the local authority have been offset, and are not recorded in the balance sheet.

At the point of entering the agreement, the estimated value of the improvements was £185million. As at the 31 March 2015 these works are substantially complete, although the agreement allows Erimus Housing Limited to continue to reclaim VAT on qualifying work within the agreed recovery period.

33. Joint ventures

Erimus Housing Limited has entered into a joint venture agreement with Middlesbrough Borough Council to redevelop the area known as Grove Hill in Middlesbrough. Under this agreement both Erimus Housing Limited and Middlesbrough Borough Council have agreed to invest £2.7m each into an investment fund to enable the site assembly of the Grove Hill area. The company accounts for its own share of assets, liabilities and cash flows in such joint arrangements, measured in accordance with the terms of the arrangement.

At the 31 March 2015, Erimus Housing Limited had made payments of £1.9m (2014: £0.9m) in relation to the investment fund.

34. Post balance sheet event

The 2015 Summer Budget announced by the Chancellor of the Exchequer in July 2015, introduced reforms to the welfare system to make it more affordable, which included reducing rents in the social housing sector by 1% each year for four years from April 2016, along with other policies which have had a significant impact on our business. The government manifesto also includes a commitment to extend the Right to Buy scheme to registered providers which will also have an impact on our business going forward.

We have considered these reforms and built them into our revised business plan along with mitigating actions, including cost and activity reductions. The resulting long-term business plan for the group shows that it is able to service its debt facilities whilst continuing to comply with lender's covenants.

Notes to the Financial Statements

35. Prior year adjustments

Following the formation of Thirteen Housing Group Limited, and the subsequent harmonisation of accounting policies, a number of prior year adjustments were identified. These adjustments are shown below:

	£'000 2014	£'000 Adjustment	£'000 2014 Restated
Balance Sheet			
Fixed Asset Investments			
Restatement of Homebuy loans as fixed asset investments	-	294	294
Debtors			
Restatement of Homebuy loans as fixed asset investments	7,858	(294)	7,564
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
Restatement of disposal proceeds fund due for repayment after more than one year	(7,535)	(140)	(7,675)
Creditors: amounts falling due after one year			
Restatement of disposal proceeds fund due after more than one year	114,532	140	114,672
Income and Expenditure Account			
Operating costs			
Restatement of restructuring costs, previously presented as an exceptional item, as operating costs	(39,646)	(515)	(40,161)

36. Ultimate parent undertakings and controlling party

The ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is Thirteen Housing Group Limited, a company limited by guarantee and a Registered Provider incorporated in the UK.

Thirteen Housing Group Limited is the parent undertaking of the largest group of undertakings to consolidate these financial statements at 31 March 2015. The consolidated financial statements of Thirteen Housing Group Limited are available from the company's registered office at 2 Hudson Quay, Windward Way, Middlesbrough, TS2 1QG.